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## Diagnostic of the practices and pedagogical references for Secondary Schools Students

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## Secondary Education & Climate Change Intellectual Output O1 - Report



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## Objective of this research

The objectives of this research are:

- to better identify the needs of educators of secondary schools in terms of online support for a global apprehension of Climate change and its impact the day to day life in the Mediterranean.
- to provide an overview of the existing online tools aiming at a better comprehension of the Climate change issue and

The results of this research should provide representative examples of existing tools and a global analysis of the way Climate change is integrated into the National Educational programs of secondary schools in the countries of the project.

The research only focused on existing online tools adapted to children 11-15 years old (secondary school).

## The Methodology followed

The methodology followed from January 2018 to April 2018 included the following steps:

- Remote research: each partner made a research on its own country following the guidelines provided by the Mediterranean Centre of Environment (MCE). Research could be based on interviews, questionnaires, research online, etc.
- National cooperation was recommended to collect at least 5 examples of online tools per country.
- In addition to guidelines for research, the MCE provided to the partners:
  - A scheme for the national reports
  - A template for the description of the existing tools
- Skype meetings were organized by the MCE with each country in order to clarify some elements and facilitate identifying the main outputs of the research.

This report is the synthesis of this collaborative work.

## Formal education: Secondary school curriculum and Climate change

### Main pedagogical objectives on Climate change

Most of the educational systems recall the importance of environmental education and sustainable development, as a prerequisite for the development of social and civic competences.

However, when analysing how curricula of Secondary schools in the partners countries address the issue of Climate change, it appears that this approach is not completely put into practice. In Italy for example, a Circular of 2010 is reiterating the importance of the issues of environmental sensitivity and education for sustainable development, paying a particular attention to energy conservation, protection and enhancement of artistic, cultural and environmental heritage. But in the same country, there is no compulsory educational program, addressing environmental problems, but just recommendations to teachers from the Ministry of the Environment.

Climate change does not always constitute a separate or integrated unity in the curriculum of Secondary school, but is apprehended as one of the natural phenomenon. The main pedagogical objectives on this topic is to make students better understand the natural phenomenon of Climate change as a whole, with a focus on the phenomenon of the Greenhouse Effect (e.g. in Greece, the the role of CO<sub>2</sub> and the Carbon cycle).

Some other features, directly related to Climate change, are not systematically identified as such. In Greece, for example, ***"Apart from the global warming and the more obvious melting of ice or the sea level rise and the extreme weather conditions there are a few more negative effects that are mentioned in some part and in some of the relative student's books."*** (National report – Greece).

From the National reports of the Cli.c.k. for Schools partners, it appears that the main topics of Climate change tackled by the curricula of Secondary schools are:

- Ecosystem and Climate in general (especially during 1st year)
- Climate change phenomenon - causes and effects (during the last years of Secondary school)
- Energy resources and Climate change
- Carbon cycle and Climate change
- And in some curriculum, ecological problems and CC (natural resources, water, seas)

## Main disciplines concerned

Climate change is mainly taught through Geography (during 1st and 2d grades of Secondary school), and Natural sciences, i.e. Physics, Biology, as well as Chemistry (especially 3rd, 4th grades).

The various aspects of Climate change are studied at different grades, through different disciplines, without given the students enough opportunities to understand the connections between the various topics and to get a global comprehension of the phenomenon. It is true that the issue is so wide, and it includes so many aspects that a hollistic approach of the phenomenon is very ambitious.

In France, however, a reform in 2016 tends to associate several disciplines to tackle environmental issues of our planete. Teachers are asked to work in pluridisciplinary team and to work on 2 or 3 years programs. One of the objectives is to use the expected learning outcomes of the previous year to better analyse the environmental phenomenon and their impacts during the next grades. **More specifically, a 3 years 'cycle'**, running grades 2-3 and 4 by the transdisciplinary team should help students using the knowledge they get from the previous years to better observe the present and potential consequences of Climate change.

Specificities exist in some countries: Climate change is also addressed through other disciplines such as Home economics in Greece (through lessons on "Natural resources and **energy situation**" and "**Ecological Crisis**") or Technology in Italy (through lessons on "Environmental impact of productive systems").

The issue of climate change may be also examined outside the formal curriculum, through environmental clubs created in some schools or through optional extra-curricular projects. In Greece, the Centres for Environmental Education, under the responsibility of the Ministry in charge of Education, and in France, the CPIE (Centres permanents d'initiatives pour l'environnement) propose extra-curricular project of Environmental Education which consist of a unity of various learning activities that take place both in and outside school. **In** this context, students groups have the opportunity to be supported through educational activities.

## Pedagogical approach

A critical analysis of the pedagogical approach demonstrates that, during their cursus, students get an accumulation of information on Climate change that may not be sufficient to understand the various features of the problem and the cause and effect relationships. *"The consequences of climate change and other implications are in most cases **very limited and not sufficiently explained.**"* (National report - Greece)

Moreover, Climate change is not sufficiently learned in relation with the local realities and impacts. *"**Information on climate change is not related to students' daily life. Because of this, students think that climate change does not affect them personally.**"* (National report



- Croatia). A direct consequence of this approach is that students are not motivated to change behavior or to think of their personal responsibility as citizen.

A too fragmented approach of the topic does not help for a good comprehension of interconnections between phenomena (i.e. climate change and sustainable cities; climate change and resources as energy, water, food; climate change and biodiversity; etc.).

*“The fact that serious environmental problems with different features (about causes, processes and impacts) are grouped thematically may lead to students’ conceptual misunderstandings.”* (Greek report). For instance, as research data show, students of high school tend to confuse atmospheric problems such as global warming or/and Greenhouse Effect, ozone hole and acid rain.

In conclusion

Recognizing the complex nature of the issue due to its various, often interrelated, dimensions (environmental, economic, social, political) and the critical role of education in addressing it, one can stress the need for further strengthening of Curriculum by incorporating Climate change topics in diverse subjects, by interrelating them and optimizing the teaching hours.

There is a real need for curriculum to move from a content-based towards an objective-based model **which should be based on the question “What features (as regards as knowledge, competences, behavior) should characterize a climate literate citizen?”**.

If we want children to build competences for mitigation and adaptation and reduce vulnerability to climate-related impacts, the pedagogical approach must become simultaneously holistic (global approach of the phenomenon and of its causes and impacts) and local (understanding the specific causes & impacts of Climate change on our local reality).

This orientation supposes to improve interdisciplinarity at school (only mentioned in France) and to better connect climate change with other topics such as natural resources, pollution, energy, sustainable cities, etc.



Main disciplines concerned & main issues of Climate change studied in the project Countries

Students age	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15
<b>COUNTRIES Topics</b>				
<b>CROATIA</b>				
Geography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Types of climates &amp; impacts of climate</li> <li>- Natural resources, Energy and Environment</li> <li>- Non compulsory: Environment (water)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- water and climate in Africa</li> <li>- Natural phenomenons &amp; Climate in America</li> <li>- Polar regions and Climate</li> <li>- Non compulsory: Deforestation &amp; Climate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Sea, Water and earth</li> <li>- Climate &amp; Flora</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Climate &amp; Ecological problems in Croatia</li> </ul>
Biology/Natural sciences		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Natural habitat and Biodiversity</li> <li>- non compulsory: wetlands in danger in Croatia</li> </ul>		
Physics			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Internal energy, thermal expansion</li> </ul>	
Chemistry				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Carbon cycle</li> <li>- Fossil fuels</li> </ul>





FRANCE				
Geography	Global change in Geography: Living in different spaces (city, coastline, etc.) & Sustainable development	Global change in Geography: - Natural resources management - Risks prevention	Global change in Geography: - Transnational human mobilities - Oceans and Seas & Climate Territorial dynamics and Climate change - France and EU: COP and EU policy	
Biology/Natural sciences	The Earth, living beings in their environment (3 years cycle starting Primary School)	The Earth, Environment and Human impact (3 years cycle)		
Physics/Chemistry		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dissolution of gaz in water and Health</li> <li>- acid-base property: chemicals transformation and environment</li> <li>- Electricity (energy saving)</li> </ul>		
GREECE				
Geography		Very limited reference: Natural resources (the burning of fossil fuels as a cause of the Greenhouse Effect)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-A small informative inlet on 'Climate in Europe and in Greece'</li> <li>- EU plan on climate change</li> <li>- Greenhouse gases emissions &amp; Greenhouse effect</li> <li>- Transportation and use of cars</li> </ul>	



Biology/Natural sciences			- Air Pollution and the Greenhouse Effect - Carbon Cycle the anthropogenic emissions of CO <sub>2</sub>	- Air Pollution and the Greenhouse Effect - Carbon Cycle the anthropogenic emissions of CO <sub>2</sub>
Physics			Greenhouse Effect and the global energy fluxes originating from the sun	
Chemistry			- the role of CO <sub>2</sub> in the regulation of climate - Air pollution and Greenhouse Effect	- The Chemistry of Carbon & Greenhouse effect - Carbon cycle
Home economics			- "Natural resources and energy situation" - "Ecological Crisis"	
<b>ITALY</b>				
<i>In Italy there are no compulsory educational programs, addressing environmental problems. Just recommendations to teachers from the Ministry of the Environment.</i>				
History	Topics studied need to focus also to the close relationship between historical events and the surrounding environment. Suggested topics: the different sources of energy, the defense against adverse natural elements and the progressive transformation of the environment, the many steps of technical development, conservation of goods and food.			



Geography	Recycling and waste management; preventive action and fight against pollution; development of renewable energy; biodiversity protection; adaptation to climate change	Features of Italian, European and world landscapes and how to preserve them.	Environment, urbanization, globalization and its consequences, the relationship between economy, environment and society, the imbalances between the different regions of the world, sustainable development (energy, water resources, climate change, food and biodiversity).
Biology/Natural sciences	Observation and analysis of environmental transformations caused by nature itself (by the sun, atmospheric agents, water, etc.) and by man (urbanization, cultivation, industrialization, etc.); awareness of the role of the human community on Earth; limited resources and limits to their access; the adoption of ecologically sustainable personal behaviors and choices; the respect for biodiversity in environmental systems.		Biodiversity
Arts	Cultural and natural heritage - how to protect it		Architecture and its impact on the environment; sustainable materials and technologies.
Technology	Environmental impact of productive systems		
Law/Economics			Sustainable development



## Online tools for Secondary school education on Climate change

This report provides a list of various examples of available online tools on Climate change, either developed in one of the project countries, or on a European level. These 29 examples have been selected by the partners of the project and analyzed (see Annex).

The selected tools aim at strengthening awareness and understanding of Climate change, its causes and its impacts. The main aspects of Climate change tackled by these examples are the following:

- CC & renewable and non-renewable energy sources
- CC & impact on local and daily life/activities
- CC & Meteorology
- CC & Poverty – Environmental migration
- Cc & environmental rules and regulation

### Analyses of the existing online tools for formal and non-formal education

Each tool mentioned in the annex has been analysed separately, however some weaknesses were often mentioned in the national reports. They highlight the gaps that the project Cli.c.k for Schools aims at fulfilling:

- Objectives are not always clear (what do we want to learn to children?)
- Children from 11 to 15 are not a specific public target. Contents are not enough adapted to this specific public
- Not enough languages available; some tools are only in one language
- Only local information is provided
- Tools are not smart enough: many downloadable pdf documents or manuals, but very few interactive and attractive tools (eg. role plays / games / videos);
- Websites with information do exist but very less with funny tools for students
- Some websites provide static data or simulations of future scenarios without any supporting learning material.
- They are not adapted to be easily transferred to the class by teachers
- Transdisciplinary is missing
- They are not updated and may contain outdated information (often between 2010 and 2015)

However, the tools selected by the partners of Cli.c.k for Schools can be **source of inspiration for teachers**, as an additional tool/information for the student, in addition to the lesson, or as new source of activities in an extra-curricular activity or project.

## Annex – Selection of online tools

- I. EU existing tools
  1. Climate action (old version)
  2. Climate action (new version)
  
- II. Existing tools in Croatia
  3. Project AWERES (AWareness and Education in Renewable Energy Sources)
  4. **It's cold outside, and I'm hot** – teaching scenario
  5. DIVERTERRA – multimedial information and education centre
  6. 2050 Energy Model Video game
  7. Obnovljivi izvori energije - Radni listovi / Renewable energy sources – Worksheets
  
- III. Existing tools in France
  8. **"Climat sous Tension"**
  9. **"Climat jeunes"**
  10. **"Normales et variabilité"**
  11. Quizz réchauffement climatique
  12. **Mieux comprendre le climat: Système climatique, une formidable machine qui s'emballe**
  13. L'Océan, ma planète... et moi !
  14. Modéliser les climats du futur : activité pédagogique avec le logiciel BYOE
  
- IV. Existing tools in Greece
  15. **Climate change and poverty ("Against the stream")**
  16. Climate Change: Shall we play?
  17. Environmental – Climate Migration: Educational Activities
  18. Climate – Energy
  19. Environmental Education material
  
- V. Existing tools in Italy
  20. Same World Edukit
  21. Il progetto R.A.C.E.S.
  22. La Scuola per il Clima
  23. After Ice
  24. Ambiente Piemonte
  25. RETE CLIMA: Area download e materiali didattici
  26. IMPARIAMO LE ENERGIE
  27. CLIMALTERANTI
  28. INQUIRE BOTANY
  29. MY TEST

## EU Existing Tools

1. *Climate Action (old version)*
2. *Climate Action (new version)*

## Climate Action (old version)

Link (URL): [http://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/campaign/index\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/campaign/index_en.htm)

### Pedagogical objective

The above web-page of the European Commission comprises an interactive on-line tool about climate change.

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- Causes
- Impacts
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation
  - Adaptation

### Short presentation

The on-line tool is very well structured. The navigation is very easy and helps the students to go through all sections of the tool through different pathways. The main section that contains **the educational tool is entitled "For schools" but different kind of resources, such as on-line game, CO<sub>2</sub> calculator, power-point presentations, teaching notes, videos and other multimedia, galleries, publications, slideshows, webpages, hyperlinks, etc. are available in the whole tool.**

a. Home (Screenshot 1)

b. What is climate change?

c. Take control!

d. EU actions

e. For schools

Features a quiz, power-point presentations, teaching notes, animated film, videos, CO<sub>2</sub> calculator etc. (Screenshot 2)

f. Resources

g. Features and past events

### Complementary elements provided by the online tool

A variety of complementary elements is provided.



Language(s) available: 21 European languages (BG, CS, DA, DE, ET, EL, EN, ES, FR, IT, LV, LT, HU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SL, FI, SV)

Responsible organisation/Producer: European Commission

Contact

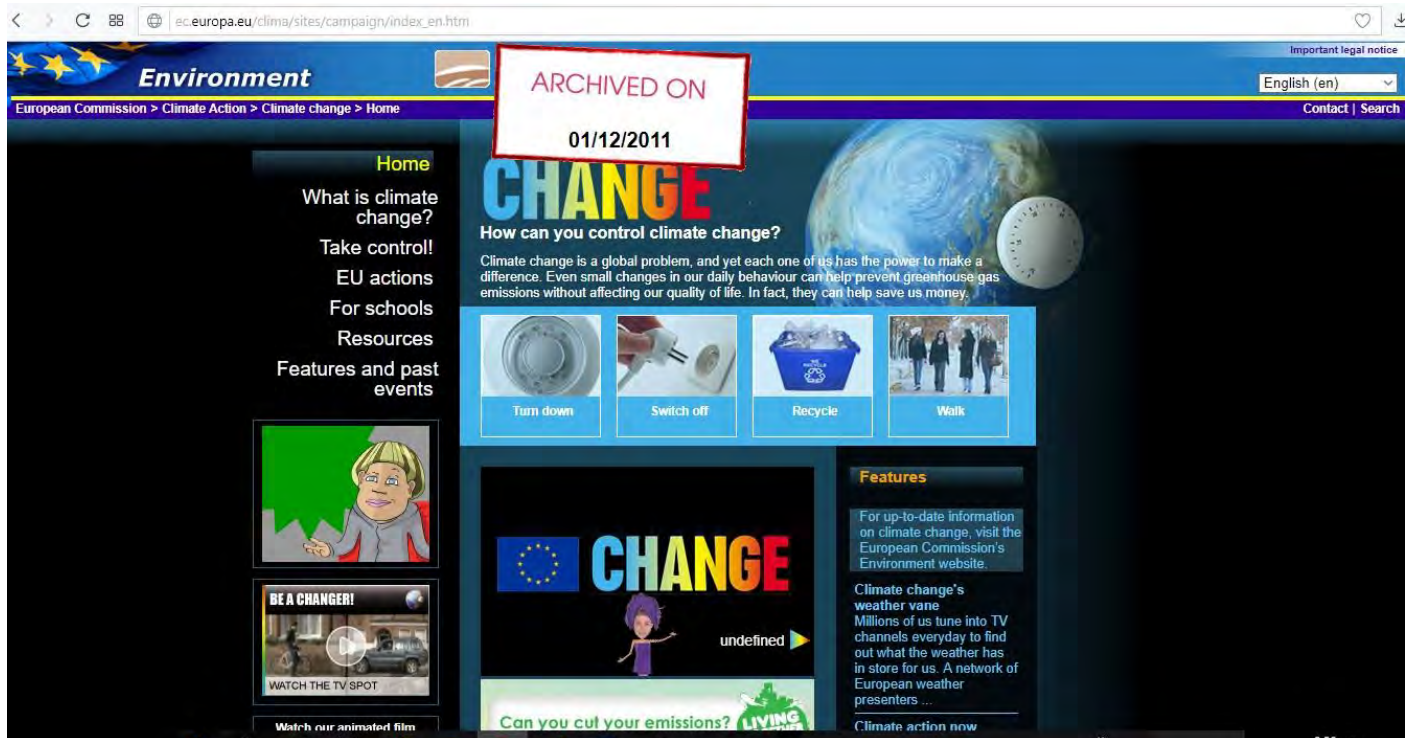
email: [enquiries@climatechange.eu.com](mailto:enquiries@climatechange.eu.com)

Strengths of this tool

A thorough interactive on-line tool. Available to 21 European languages.

Weaknesses of this tool

This is an old version that was archived on 2011. Data should be checked and updated.





Climate Action Important legal notice

European Commission > Climate Action > Climate change > For schools English (en) Contact | Search

ARCHIVED ON

01/12/2011

Home

What is climate change?

Take control!


EU actions

For schools


Resources

Features and past events

Test your knowledge in our fun quiz:




BE A CHANGER!



WATCH THE TV SPOT

Watch our animated film



## CHANGE

**For schools**

Today's teenagers are likely to experience the effects of climate change much more than we do today-and they will be forced to address the issue. It's important that we familiarise them with what we know today so they become aware of the causes of climate change and understand what they can do to change it.

**Quiz**

Are you a climate change hero? Test your knowledge in our fun quiz.

Questions	Answers
<a href="#">1-10</a>	<a href="#">1-10</a>
<a href="#">11-20</a>	<a href="#">11-20</a>
<a href="#">21-30</a>	<a href="#">21-30</a>
<a href="#">31-40</a>	<a href="#">31-40</a>
<a href="#">41-50</a>	<a href="#">41-50</a>

**PowerPoint presentation**

The following presentations, and accompanying teaching notes, can aid classroom discussions on climate change.

- ▶ [Climate change - general introduction](#) (PPT) / [teaching notes](#) (PDF)
- ▶ [International negotiations](#) (PPT) / [teaching notes](#) (PDF)
- ▶ [What can we do](#) (PPT) / [teaching notes](#) (PDF)

Watch our animated film! [Everyone can save the planet](#)

Try our [Carbon Calculator](#) to see how you can make a difference and make a pledge.

Top

# Climate Action (new version)

Link (URL): [https://ec.europa.eu/clima/index\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/clima/index_en)

## Pedagogical objective

This new part of the European Commission platform, managed by the Directorate-General for Climate Action (DG CLIMA), provides a comprehensive and simple information to the EU policy and action on Climate, but also interesting videos, links, and on-line tool about climate change.

## Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- The causes and the main impacts
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation
  - Adaptation

## Short presentation

The **website includes a specific session addressed to "Citizens"**

[https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/eu\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/eu_en). It gives emphasize to the international strategy towards Climate change, but also proposes:

- Regularly reviewed data for each EU Country (Special Eurobarometer on climate change: [https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/support\\_en#tab-0-1](https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/support_en#tab-0-1))
- A Quiz for kids and another for adults (see screenshot 1)
- A board game ([https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/youth\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/youth_en)) see screenshot 2
- **"Climate tips": some ideas to reduce our consumption and footprint at home, with water, etc**

## Complementary elements provided by the online tool

A variety of complementary elements is provided.

Language(s) available: 21 European languages (BG, CS, DA, DE, ET, EL, EN, ES, FR, IT, LV, LT, HU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SL, FI, SV)

Responsible organisation/Producer: European Commission, Directorate-General for Climate Action (DG CLIMA)

## Contact

Directorate-General for Climate Action  
European Commission  
1049 Bruxelles/Brussel  
Belgium  
Tel. +32 2 299 11 11



## Strengths of this tool

Provide simple and clear information  
Available to 21 European languages

## Weaknesses of this tool

No specific tools for the age of Click for Schools project  
More focused on promoting the EU Policies and action on Climate change than on information and education of the large public



## Existing tools in Croatia

1. *Project AWERES (AWareness and Education in Renewable Energy Sources)*
2. ***It's cold outside, and I'm hot*** – teaching scenario
3. *DIVERTERRA – multimedial information and education centre*
4. *2050 Energy Model Video game*
5. *Obnovljivi izvori energije - Radni listovi / Renewable energy sources - Worksheets*

# Project AWERES (AWareness and Education in Renewable Energy Sources)

Link (URL) <http://door.hr/portfolio/aweres/>

## Pedagogical objective

- to stimulate interest, thinking and activities related to renewable energy sources
- to understand how renewable energy sources contribute to the preservation of the environment and which positive effects it may have on other aspects of life

## Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: renewable energy sources
- Causes: use of fossil fuels – impact on climate changes
- Impacts: use of renewable energy sources on preservation of the natural balance
- Measures / Solutions:
  - Mitigation: replacing fossil fuels with renewable energy sources

## Short presentation

The aim of AWERES project (AWareness and Education in Renewable Energy Sources) is to increase the use of renewable energy sources in the Republic of Croatia through the promotion and education on renewable energy sources. As part of the project, two vocational schools (in **Labin and Varaždin**) are equipped for teaching in the field of renewable energy sources.

As a summary of the knowledge, experience and results the project team created the publication "Renewable Energy Sources in My Community". The material consists of descriptions of different domains in which renewable energy sources have a significant positive effect compared to conventional energy use.

## Complementary elements provided by the online tool

- "Renewable Energy Sources" Curriculum
- Workbook «Design, installation and maintenance of photovoltaic systems»
- Publication "Renewable Energy Sources in My Community"

Language(s) available: Croatian

Responsible organisation/Producer

DOOR – Društvo za oblikovanje održivog razvoja / Society for Sustainable Development Design

Contact

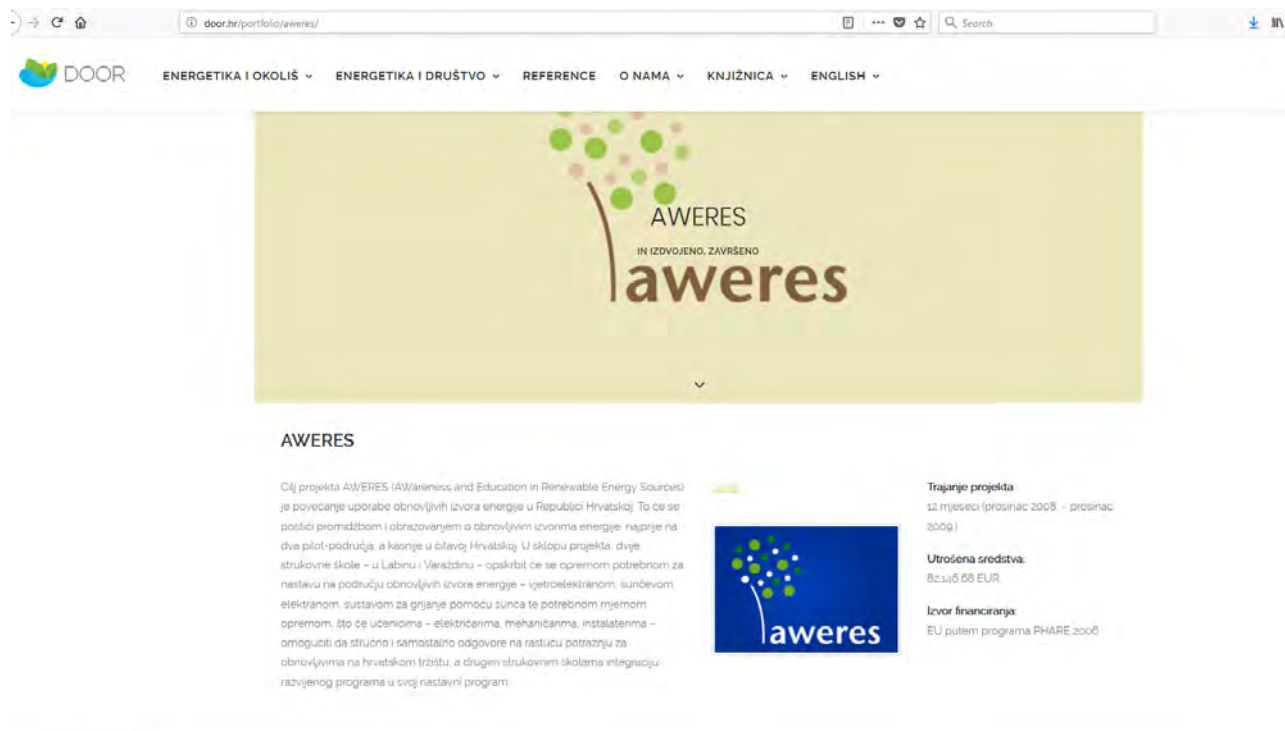
Phone/email tel/fax: +385 (0) 1 4655 441; e-mail: info@door.hr

Strengths of this tool:

- Emphasizing the important topic of renewable energy sources and connecting it to climate changes
- Including the topic in formal education system, although as an optional subject in vocational schools ("Renewable Energy Sources" Curriculum)
- Providing practical knowledge (the *Workbook* and the *Curriculum*)

Weaknesses of this tool

- It's not an online tool



The screenshot shows the website for the AWERES project. The header includes the DOOR logo and a navigation menu with items: ENERGETIKA I OKOLIŠ, ENERGETIKA I DRUŠTVO, REFERENCE, O NAMA, KNJIŽNICA, and ENGLISH. The main banner features the AWERES logo with the text "IN IZDVOJENO, ZAVRŠENO" and "aweres". Below the banner, the text reads: "AWERES" and "Cilj projekta AWERES (AWareness and Education in Renewable Energy Sources) je povećanje uporabe obnovljivih izvora energije u Republici Hrvatskoj. To će se postići promidžbom i obrazovanjem o obnovljivim izvorima energije: najprije na dva pilot-područja, a kasnije u čitavoj Hrvatskoj. U sklopu projekta, dvije strukovne škole - u Labinu i Varaždinu - opskrbit će se opremom potrebnom za nastavu na području obnovljivih izvora energije - vjetribelektrinom, sunčevom elektranom, sustavom za grijanje pomoću sunca te potrebnom mjestnom opremom, što će učenicima - električarima, mehaničarima, instalaterima - omogućiti da stručno i samostalno odgovore na rastuću potražnju za obnovljivima na hrvatskom tržištu, a drugim strukovnim školama integraciju razvijenog programa u svoj nastavni program." To the right, project details are listed: "Trajanje projekta: 12 mjeseci (prosinac 2005. - prosinac 2009.)", "Utrošena sredstva: 82.345,68 EUR", and "Izvor financiranja: EU putem programa PHARE.2006".

## It's cold outside, and I'm hot – teaching scenario

Link (URL): <https://scenariji-poucavanja.e-skole.hr/scenarij-poucavanja/vani-zima-a-meni-je-vruce/>

<https://scenariji-poucavanja.e-skole.hr/>

### Pedagogical objective

- Understand the relationship between heat and internal energy
- Analyze the change of internal energy
- Explain the thermal balance

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: global warming
- Causes: Disruption of thermal balance
- Impacts: *it's not mentioned, but can be used to explain the phenomena related to CC*
- Other : The concepts necessary to understand global warming and climate change are well explained, so they can become a prerequisite for further learning about the phenomena

### Short presentation

Teaching material includes instruction manuals for teachers. It is based on a series of well-explained experiments that will allow students to associate the phenomena of global warming with their everyday life, thus allowing them to understand it better. The material can be used as a basis for creating digital applications.

Language(s) available: Croatian

### Responsible organisation/Producer

CARNet – Hrvatska akademska i istraživačka mreža /Croatian Academic & Research network

### Contact

Phone/email: tel. +385 (0)1 6661 555 - [helpdesk@CARNet.hr](mailto:helpdesk@CARNet.hr)



## Strengths of this tool:

- facilitates the understanding of global warming
- linking global warming (climate change) with the daily life of students
- promotes learning by doing
- refers to additional information for those who want more
- can be the basis for developing digital teaching materials

## Weaknesses of this tool

- key concepts are not (directly) linked with the phenomenon of climate change
- no digital material
- there is no task for checking the acquired knowledge

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the 'e-Skole Scenariji Pouchavanja' website. The page features a blue header with navigation links: POČETNA, PREDMETI, RAZREDI, O SCENARIJIMA POUČAVANJA, O PROJEKTU, IMPRESSUM, ENGLISH. The main content area has a central image of a hand holding a lit match over a glass of water with ice cubes, with the text 'Vani zima, a meni je vruće'. To the right, there is a sidebar with 'Informacija o scenariju' including: Predmet: Fizika, Razred: 7. razred, osnovna škola, Razina izvedbene složenosti: početna, and a list of 'Korelacije i interdisciplinarnost' such as Geografija, Kemija, Tehnička kultura, Likovna kultura, and Uporaba informacijske i komunikacijske tehnologije. Below the image, there are 'Ključni pojmovi' (temperature, heat, thermal equilibrium, internal energy) and 'Ishodi učenja' (learning outcomes) listed as bullet points. The 'e-laboratorij' logo is visible in the bottom right corner of the page content.



# DIVERTERRA – multimedial information and education centre

Link (URL)

<http://www.haop.hr/hr/diverterra/pravila-privatnosti>

<https://www.facebook.com/diverterra/>

<https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=hr.novena.haopvr> (mobile app)

Pedagogical objective

- to raise awareness of how each individual has an environmental footprint, which is smaller or larger depending on his/her lifestyle
- to realize how modern way of living impacts our specific ecosystems
- to understand the role and the power of each individual in dealing with the climate changes

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon:
  - Sustainable development
  - Biodiversity
  - Nature protection
- Causes: modern way of living affecting climate changes
- Impacts: impact of climate changes on biodiversity
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation: changing habits (modern/everyday life) will help reducing climate change, preservation of nature and biodiversity

Short presentation

Modern and innovative IEC Diverterra will unite the themes of environmental protection, climate change, nature and biodiversity conservation in one place and will be presented using the best available technologies, in line with current global developments.

**“The content of the Diverterra brand is an interesting story about Croatia, a small country of exceptional geo-diversity that will be promoted through the Diverterra IEC. The aim is to present the challenges of modern lifestyles, their impact on the exceptional values of our distinctive ecosystems, the causes and consequences of climate change, and to show the role and power of the individual, as well as the power of the community to deal with them.”** - project leader

### Complementary elements provided by the online tool

- Information and Education Centre - stationary component (in progress)
- Mobile app N3VR Diverterra Virtualni muzej (Virtual museum) – mobile component

Language(s) available: Croatian

### Responsible organisation/Producer

**Hrvatska agencija za okoliš i prirodu / Croatian Agency for the Environment and Nature**

### Contact

Name: Hrvatska agencija za **okoliš i prirodu / Croatian Agency for the Environment and Nature**

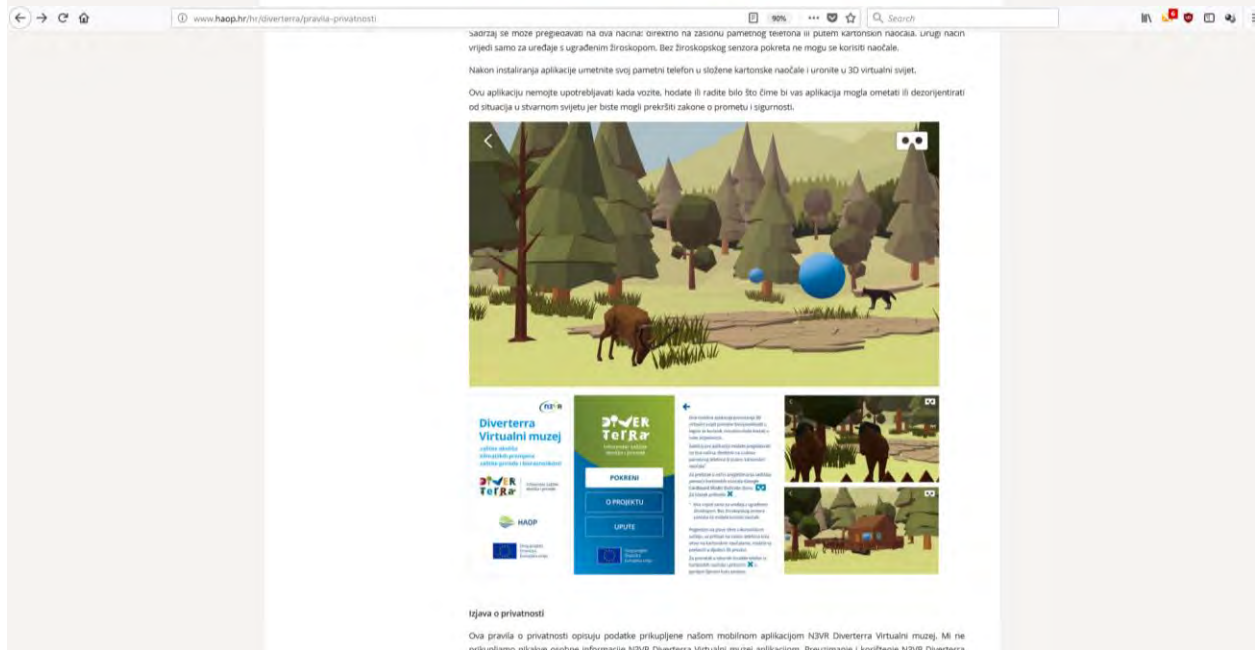
Phone/email: [info@haop.hr](mailto:info@haop.hr)

### Strengths of this tool:

- topics of environmental protection, climate change, nature and biodiversity conservation united in one place
- using modern technologies in presenting the topics

### Weaknesses of this tool

- lack of problem/interactive approach: the emphasis is on presenting information. But the work on IEC is still in progress, and some more interactive components are foreseen



## 2050 Energy Model Video game

Link (URL): <https://see2050energymodel.net/>

Pedagogical objective

- Understand that the mode of producing and consuming energy affects the reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the atmosphere.
- Select behaviors that reduce greenhouse gases.

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: greenhouse gases (greenhouse effect)
- Causes: energy production and consumption
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation: changing the mode of energy production and consumption
- Other: the individual's relationship to the possibilities of changing the mode of production and energy consumption

Short presentation

By the year 2050, we need to dramatically change the way we produce and consume energy. We need to do this in order to reduce the level of greenhouse gas emissions and avoid the dangerous consequences of climate change. Different choices and trade-offs, as well as the steps we need to take, are offered in order to reach the future we want.

**The game's console consists of sliders which allow you to change how we use energy and how we produce energy.** The bubble appears telling you the impact of the decision you are about to make. Last click checks the whole of your choices, and you have the ability to go back and improve the result.

Language(s) available: Croatian, Serbian, Macedonian, Albanian, English

Responsible organisation/Producer

SEE Change Net Foundation

<http://www.seechangenetwork.org>

Contact

Email: [info@seechangenet.org](mailto:info@seechangenet.org)

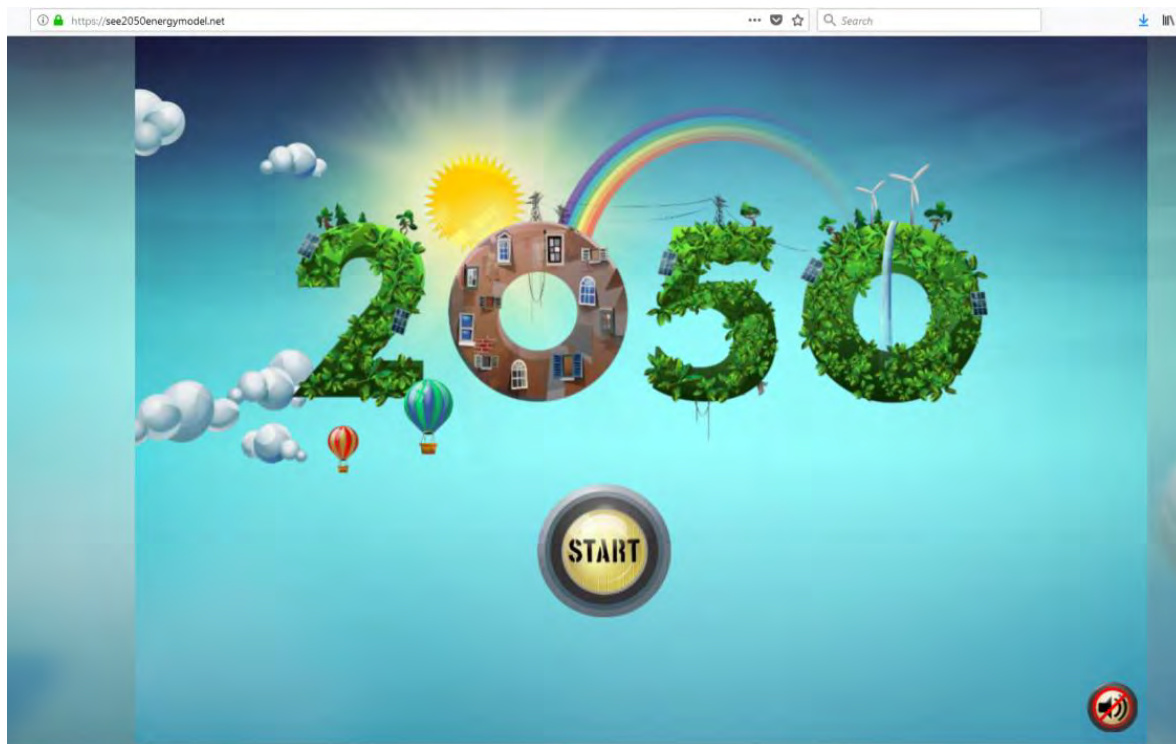


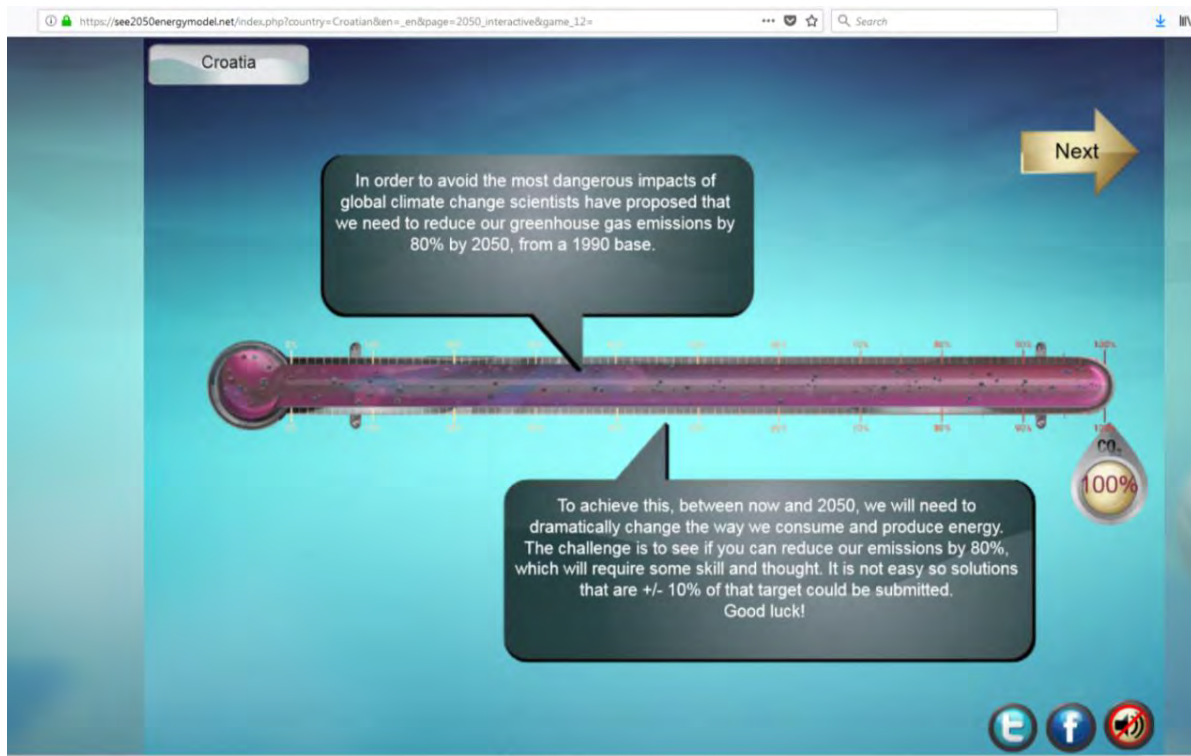
## Strengths of this tool:

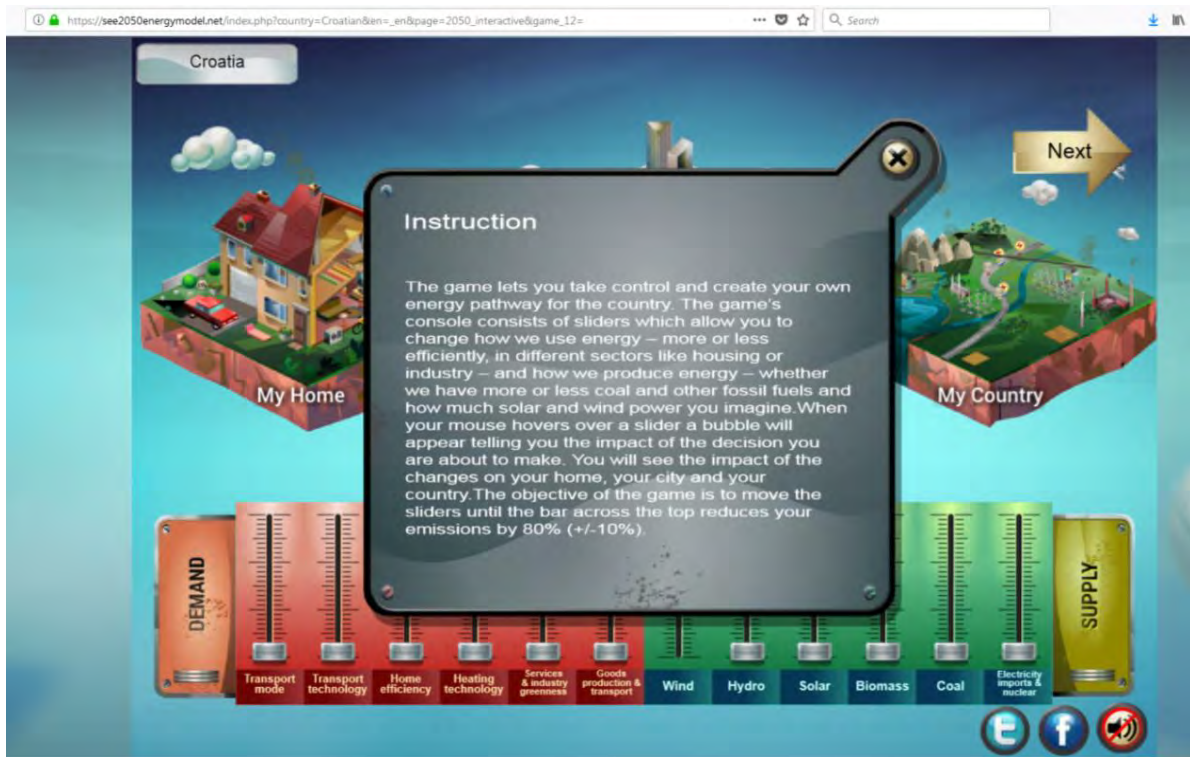
- very simple
- accompanied by calming music
- Quick access to useful information
- The summary obtained at the end of the game makes it easier to remember the information presented

## Weaknesses of this tool

- too simple means for collecting information
- ineffective: after the first two solutions, players realize how to move the slider to get an acceptable result, so it is not necessary to read the information in the bubble to make a decision
- the game does not require any intellectual effort; there are no surprises or challenges for children; we anticipate that it will not achieve the desired pedagogic effects
- teaching contents involved do not engage students' emotions, nor connect the phenomenon with their daily life







# Obnovljivi izvori energije - Radni listovi / Renewable energy sources - Worksheets

Link (URL)

<http://www.door.hr/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/OIE-radni-listovi.pdf>

Pedagogical objective

- understand the difference between renewable and nonrenewable energy sources
- perceive the advantages and disadvantages of both kinds of energy sources
- understand the impact of renewable and nonrenewable energy sources on the environment
- understand the benefits that conscientious use of energy brings in terms of environmental protection

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: renewable and nonrenewable energy sources
- Causes: nonrenewable energy sources causing environmental and climate changes
- Impacts: use of renewable energy sources for protecting environment
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation: conscientious use of energy

Short presentation

Part of the project whose main objective is to raise awareness of sustainable development through the use of renewable energy sources and conscientious energy use. Worksheets are **complementary with the picture book "Renewable energy sources", and the purpose is to educate school children about renewable energy sources, their use, energy efficiency and the benefits that conscientious use of energy brings about in terms of environmental protection.** Worksheets are available for download and free use.

Complementary elements provided by the online tool  
**picture book "Renewable energy sources"**

Language(s) available: Croatian

Responsible organisation/Producer

DOOR – Društvo za oblikovanje održivog razvoja / Society for Sustainable Development Design





## Contact

Phone/email: tel/fax: +385 (0) 1 4655 441; e-mail: info@door.hr

## Strengths of this tool:

- renewable sources are well explained, and followed by small experiments that helps students to understand how they function
- available online

## Weaknesses of this tool

- not well explained the link between different energy sources and changes in environment (including climate changes)
- not interactive

www.door.hr/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/OIE-radni-listovi.pdf

3 of 21

## 2.A OBNOVLJIVI IZVORI ENERGIJE

Obnovljivi izvori energije su stalno prisutni u prirodi i ne možemo ih potrošiti, zato što se neprestano obnavljaju. Tu se ubraja sunčevo zračenje, vjeter, rijeka, mora, topla unutrašnjost Zemlje, biljni i životinjski otpad. Oni se mogu koristiti za zagrijavanje vode i grijanje naših domova, a iz njih se može proizvoditi i električna energija.

Obnovljivi izvori energije nescrpni su i daleko povoljniji po okoliš nego neobnovljivi izvori energije, koji se danas znatno više koriste. Međutim, oni imaju negativnih strana, od kojih je danas najvažnija visoka cijena, viša od onih koju plaćamo za neobnovljive izvore energije. Uz to, i obnovljivi izvori energije mogu imati nepovoljne utjecaje na okoliš, a među njima su najgori po okoliš velike hidroelektrane – električne ugrađene na njekama. Za njihov je rad neophodno pregraditi riječu tok, čime se narušava život u rijeci i oštećuje ekosustav rijeke i porječja.

U Hrvatskoj, gotovo polovina od ukupno proizvedene električne energije dobiva se iz velikih hidroelektrana. Njih u Hrvatskoj ima 17, dok je malih hidroelektrana koje manje oštećuju okoliš samo 5. Istenitno se u Hrvatskoj pokušava povećati sudjelovanje ostalih obnovljivih izvora u dobivanju korisnih oblika energije.

www.door.hr/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/OIE-radni-listovi.pdf

3 of 21

## 2.B OBNOVLJIVI IZVORI ENERGIJE

IME I PREZIME \_\_\_\_\_

### ZADATCI:

Crtaim spoji fotografiju uređaja koji pretvaraju obnovljive izvore energije u korisnu energiju, njegov naziv te jedan ili više utjecaja koje postrojenja koja ga koriste izazivaju u okolišu.

**Fotovoltaika** – električna energija iz energije sunca.

**Vjetroelektrana** – električna energija iz energije vjeter.

**Hidroelektrana** – električna energija iz energije vodenih tokova.

**Geotermalna** – električna i toplotna energija iz topline Zemljinog unutrašnjosti.

**Biomasa** – električna i toplotna energija iz energije tvari.

Dobro se uklopuju u okoliš i ne narušavaju ga.

Jako su učinkoviti, čak i iz velike udaljenosti. Neki ljudi smatraju da narušavaju okoliš.

Ne utječu na životinje u okoliš.

Postrojenja su vrlo tiha.

Ispuštaju malo količine onečišćujućih tvari u zrak.

Gradnja postrojenja može imati velik utjecaj na životinje i biljke u okoliš.

To je vrlo čest oblik energije. Postrojenja koja ga koriste gotovo ne uzrokuju onečišćenje okoliša.

Zauzimaju veliku površinu.

2. Po tvom mišljenju, koji obnovljivi izvor energije je najpovoljniji za okoliš? Zašto?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

www.door.hr/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/OIE\_radni-listovi.pdf

3.A ENERGIJA VJETRA

Vjetar je snak u pokretu. On može povući grane drveća, pokretati jedgele ili okrenuti vjeternjače. Vjeternjače se mogu koristiti za proizvodnju električne energije. Vjeternjaču pokreće vjetar, a spojena je na električni stroj – generator, koji vjetru pretvara u električnu energiju.

Vjeternjače za proizvodnju električne energije nazivamo vjeteroelektrane. Obično se se grade na brežuljastim mjestima, podalje od naselja. Najčešće su visoke 50 i više metara jer je tu većim vjeterima vjetar snazniji i stalniji pa se iz njega može proizvesti više električne energije.

U Hrvatskoj se energija vjetra počinje sve više koristiti za proizvodnju električne energije. Trenutno postoje samo dva takva postrojenja koja su započela s radom – jedno na otoku Pagu i jedno u blizini Šibenika. Međutim, zbog velikog interesa za gradnju, njihov broj će vrlo brzo rasti.

www.door.hr/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/OIE\_radni-listovi.pdf

3.B ENERGIJA VJETRA

IME I PREZIME

### POKUS

Energija vjetra može se koristiti za dobivanje električne energije. Prije nego što počnemo koristiti energiju vjetra, moramo znati kojom brzinom vjetar puše.

**Što trebaš?**  
 Škare  
 4 male čaše (plastične ili papirnate)  
 Flomaster  
 2 komada tvrdog kartona jednake duljine  
 Ravnilo  
 Spajalica  
 Pribadača  
 Našijena olovka s gumicom na vrhu  
 Plastelin  
 Sat koji mjeri sekunde

**Što treba napraviti?**

1. Odreži savinute krajeve čaša da bi bile takve.
2. Oboji jednu čašu markerom.
3. Uzmi ravnilo i olovku i nacrtaj linije po sredini oba kartona, od ruba do ruba.
4. Spajalicama učvrsti čaše na krajeve kartona. Paži da sve čaše budu okrenute u istom smjeru.
5. Postavi komade kartona tako da tvore znak „+“. Učvrsti ih iglom, tako da iglu probiješ kroz sredinu znaka „+“ i ubodeš u gumicu na vrhu olovke s donje strane. Puhni i provjeri vrli li se konstrukcija nesmetano.
6. Stavi plastelin na vanjsku površinu – ogradu, zid, kamen i utakni u njega našijeni kraj olovke, tako da stoji uspravno.

**Izmjerimo brzinu vjetra**  
 Izbroj koliko puta se obojena čaša okrene u jednoj minuti. Vrijeme od jedne minute odredi uz pomoć sata.

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Na ovaj način mjeriš brzinu u okolinama u minuti. Razmisli kako bi iz tog podatka odredili brzinu u metrima u sekundi.

### JAVNA RASPRAVA

Kada se planira izgradnja polja vjeternjača, stanovnici okolnih mjesta imaju pravo reći što misle o toj ideji prije nego projekt započne. Neki bi ljudi mogli podržavati ideju izgradnje, a neki bi joj se mogli protiviti. U tom slučaju, potrebno je provesti javnu raspravu i na temelju rezultata rasprave donijeti odluku hoće li se polje vjeternjača graditi ili ne.

**Prednosti**  
 Vjetar je obnovljiv izvor energije – neće nikad nestati!  
 Energija vjetra je čista – vjeteroelektrane ne ispuštaju onečišćujuće plinove u okoliš!  
 Zemljište oko vjeteroelektrane može se korisno upotrijebiti, primjerice za poljoprivredu.  
 Električna energija iz vjetra nije skuplja od energije iz fosilnih goriva.

**Nedostaci**  
 Ljudi često misle da su vjeteroelektrane jako glasne, iako one to doista nisu.  
 Nekim ljudima se vjeteroelektrane jednostavno ne sviđaju – misle da narušavaju okoliš.  
 Mnogi se protive vjeteroelektranama jer misle da zbog njih stradavaju ptice. No, puno više ptica strada od automobila ili zbog sudara sa zgradama.  
 Vjeteroelektrane ne rade kad je vjetar jako slab ili jako jak.

1. Pročitaj okvir o javnoj raspravi. U razredu će se održati „javna rasprava“ na temelju koje će biti donesena odluka hoće li se izgraditi nova vjeteroelektrana.
2. Učitelj/ica će razvesti učesnike u dvije grupe: za ili protiv.
3. Ili sam \_\_\_\_\_ izgradnju/e.
4. Članovi svake grupe zajednički rade da bi uvjetile povjerenika/ću (učitelja/icu) da je upravo vaša grupa u pravu.
5. Naglasite kratku izjavu (do 50 riječi) koja sadrži vaša tri najvažnija argumenta. Istovremeno razmislite što se može još reći u korist vaših argumenata.
6. Pokušajte prikupiti fotografije, člancičke i druge informacije koje mogu pomoći uvjetiti povjerenika/ću.

**Javna rasprava**  
 To je sastanak na kojem će se odlučiti da li neku zgradu ili drugu građevinu treba izgraditi na određenom mjestu. Jedna je odgovorna osoba – povjerenik. Svaka od suprotstavljenih strana (za i protiv) priprema pisano obrazloženje svojih stavova. Svako tko je na sastanku može izreći svoje mišljenje. Dvije strane mogu pozvati svjedoke – stručnjake koji će posprijeti ili ih predložena lokacija najbolje mjesto za planirani projekt. Njih se može i optivati. Obe strane mogu povjereniku dati dokumente koji sadrže dokaze. Povjerenik pročita sažetak dokaza i donosi odluku o izgradnji.

## Existing tools in France

1. *"Climat sous Tension"*
2. *"Climat jeunes"*
3. *"Normales et variabilité"*
4. *Quizz réchauffement climatique*
5. *Mieux comprendre le climat: Système climatique, une formidable machine qui s'emballe*
6. *L'Océan, ma planète... et moi !*
7. *Modéliser les climats du futurs : activité pédagogique avec le logiciel BYOE*

# ”Climat sous Tension”

Lien (URL) : <http://climatsoustension.com/>

Objectif pédagogique: **Les élèves se mettent dans la peau d’un personnage dans diverses régions de la planète. Des problématiques liées aux enjeux climatiques sont abordées. Les prises de décisions influent sur le destin des personnages et aident à améliorer le « niveau de risque climatique personnel ». Il s’agit de comprendre quelles actions peuvent avoir un impact positif ou négatif au niveau du climat et de la vie des personnes engagées dans ces changements. Des contenus multimédias (vidéos d’intervenants) viennent compléter les apprentissages sur différents thèmes (permaculture, consommation, déplacements...).**

## Principales thématiques

- Impacts : Les effets du réchauffement climatique sur nos vies et nos métiers.
- Mesures / Solutions  
Mitigation : Les actions à mener et les solutions qui vont dans le bon sens.

## Courte présentation

**C’est un jeu interactif sorti à l’occasion de la COP 21 qui met l’élève dans la peau d’une personne incitée à faire évoluer son mode de vie à cause des changements climatiques. Au cours de l’histoire, l’élève doit faire des choix qui influent sur le destin de son personnage. A la fin, le joueur obtient un compteur d’impact de risque climatique personnel et accède à des vidéos sur les thèmes abordés dans l’aventure.**

## Éléments complémentaires fournis par l’outils en ligne

- Vidéo explicatives par des experts dans les différents domaines
- Guides pour enseignants et étudiants

Langue(s) disponible(s) : Français, Anglais

Organisme responsable/Créateur  
coproduction TV5 Quebec et TV5 monde  
Conception: Samuel St-Pierre

## Contact

Création technique <http://www.pliab.com/>

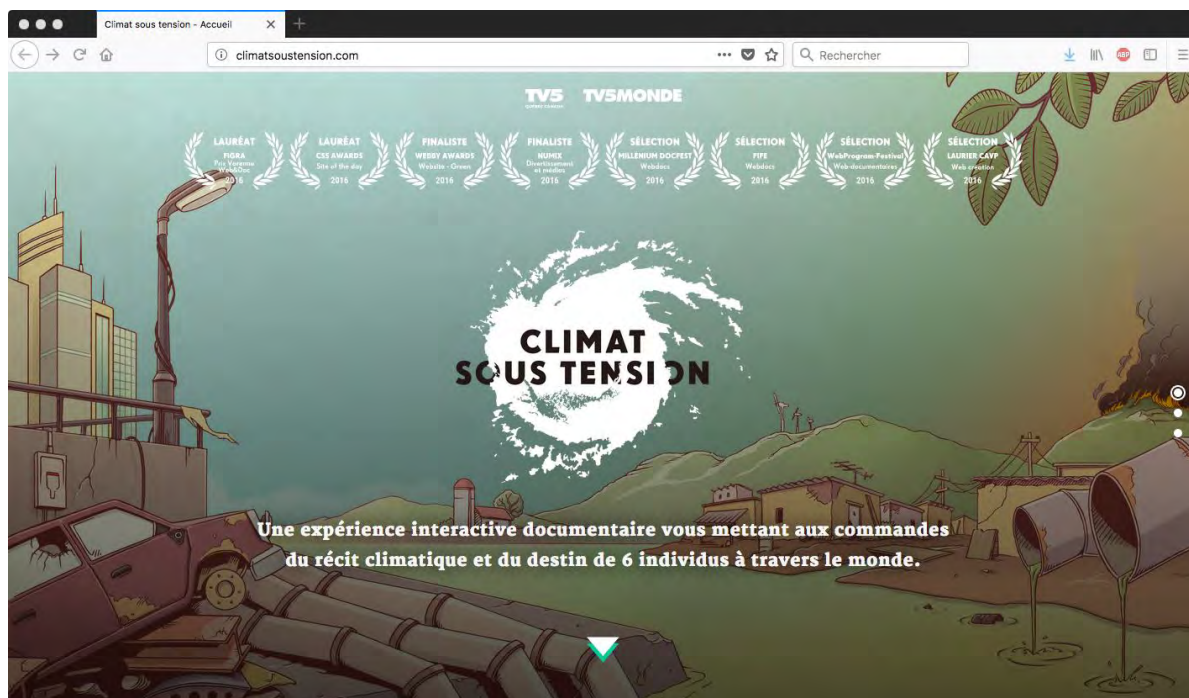
## Forces de cet outils :

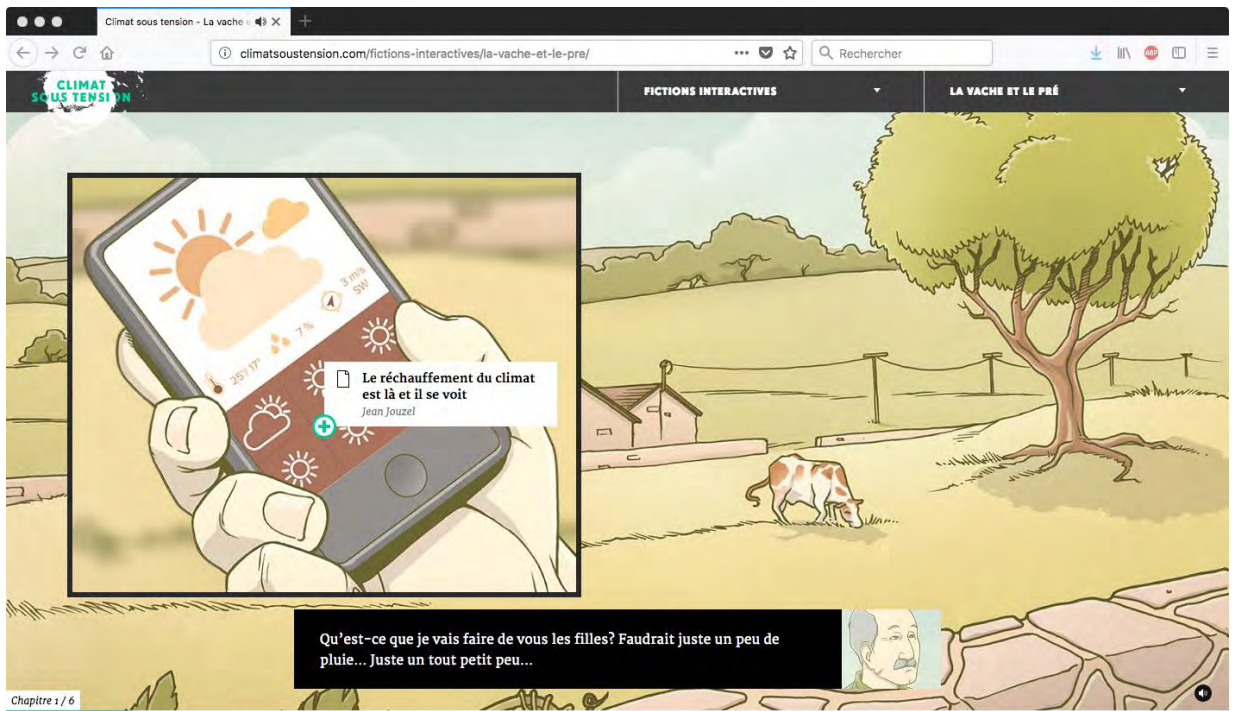
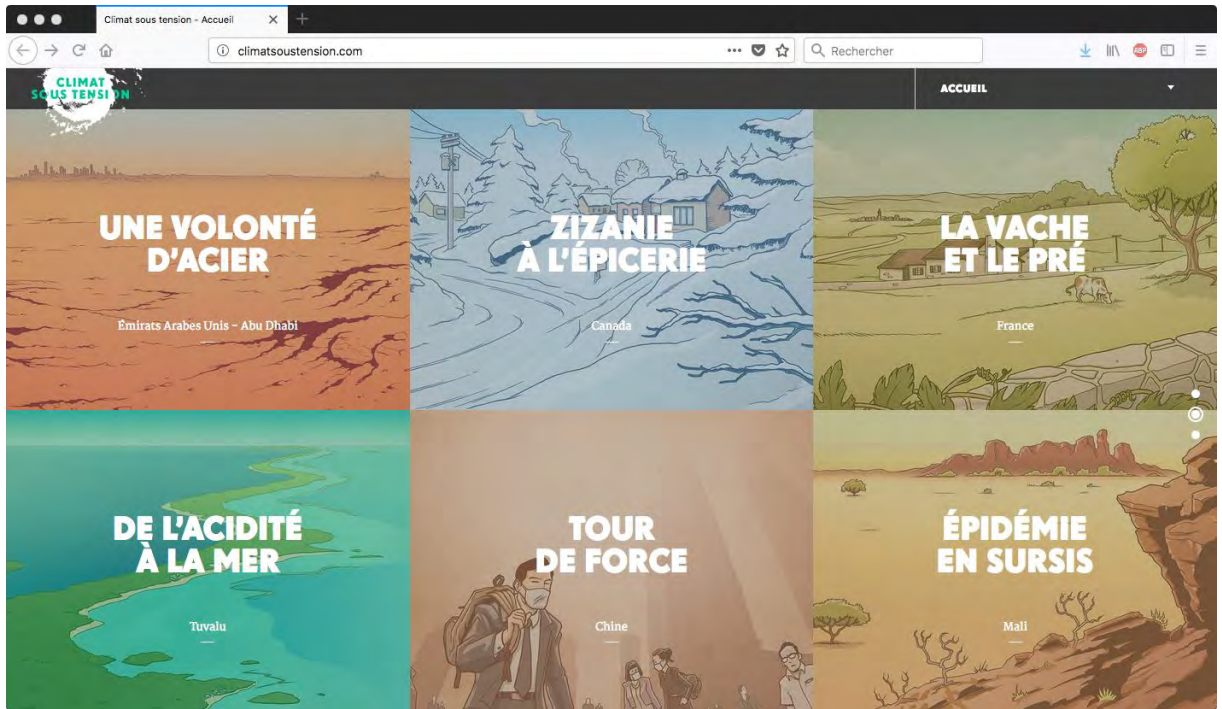
- Esthétique très attrayante
- Scénarios intéressants et variés
- Le lien direct entre les actions et les effets positifs ou négatifs



Faiblesse de cet outil :

- Certaines notions sont un peu complexes selon l'âge des élèves.





Climat sous tension - La vache

climatsoustension.com/fictions-interactives/la-vache-et-le-pre/

CLIMAT SOUS TENSION

FICTIONS INTERACTIVES

LA VACHE ET LE PRÉ

VOTRE RÉPONSE

**ÇA A L'AIR TROP COMPLEXE...**  
(Manque de temps)

**ÇA M'INTÉRESSE, AVEC UN COUP DE MAIN...**  
(Intéressant, mais semble compliqué)

Pas trop, en plaçant certaines plantes qui retiennent l'eau dans le sol près d'autres qui captent l'azote de l'air pour garder le sol fertile, ça résiste mieux aux variations du climat. Ça vous dit d'essayer?

Chapitre 2 / 6

Climat sous tension - La vache

climatsoustension.com/fictions-interactives/la-vache-et-le-pre/

CLIMAT SOUS TENSION

FICTIONS INTERACTIVES

LA VACHE ET LE PRÉ

NIVEAU DE RISQUE CLIMATIQUE PERSONNEL

VOS CHOIX INFLUENT LE DESTIN DES PERSONNAGES

Chapitre 3 / 6



# “Climat jeunes”

Lien (URL) : <https://climatjeunes.ca/>

Objectif pédagogique: **Amener l'élève à améliorer ses connaissances et comprendre l'impact de ses actions quotidiennes sur les changements climatiques puis le guider vers des actions plus vertueuses à travers des jeux et des tests.**

## Principales thématiques

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: Explication du phénomène
- Ses causes : Les gaz à effet de serre
- Impacts : Les effets observés
- Mesures / Solutions
  - Mitigation : Actions quotidiennes à adopter
  - Adaptation : Vers quelles énergies se tourner

## Courte présentation

**On propose à l'élève 3 jeux autour du thème des changements climatiques : un Quizz pour tester ses connaissances, un test pour évaluer les actions qu'il mène déjà qui vont dans le bon sens, et la création d'un superhéros virtuel qui pourrait aider à améliorer les choses. L'idée, c'est que l'élève s'approprie les thématiques et questionnements et on lui propose ensuite des solutions adaptées et des idées pour agir au quotidien.**

## **Éléments complémentaires fournis par l'outils en ligne**

**On propose à l'enfant de s'impliquer dans des actions quotidiennes, mais aussi de partager sur les réseaux sociaux son expérience.**

Langue(s) disponible(s) : Français, Anglais

Organisme responsable/Créateur

Gouvernement du Canada

## Contact

Nom: .....

Tel/email.....

Forces de cet outils :

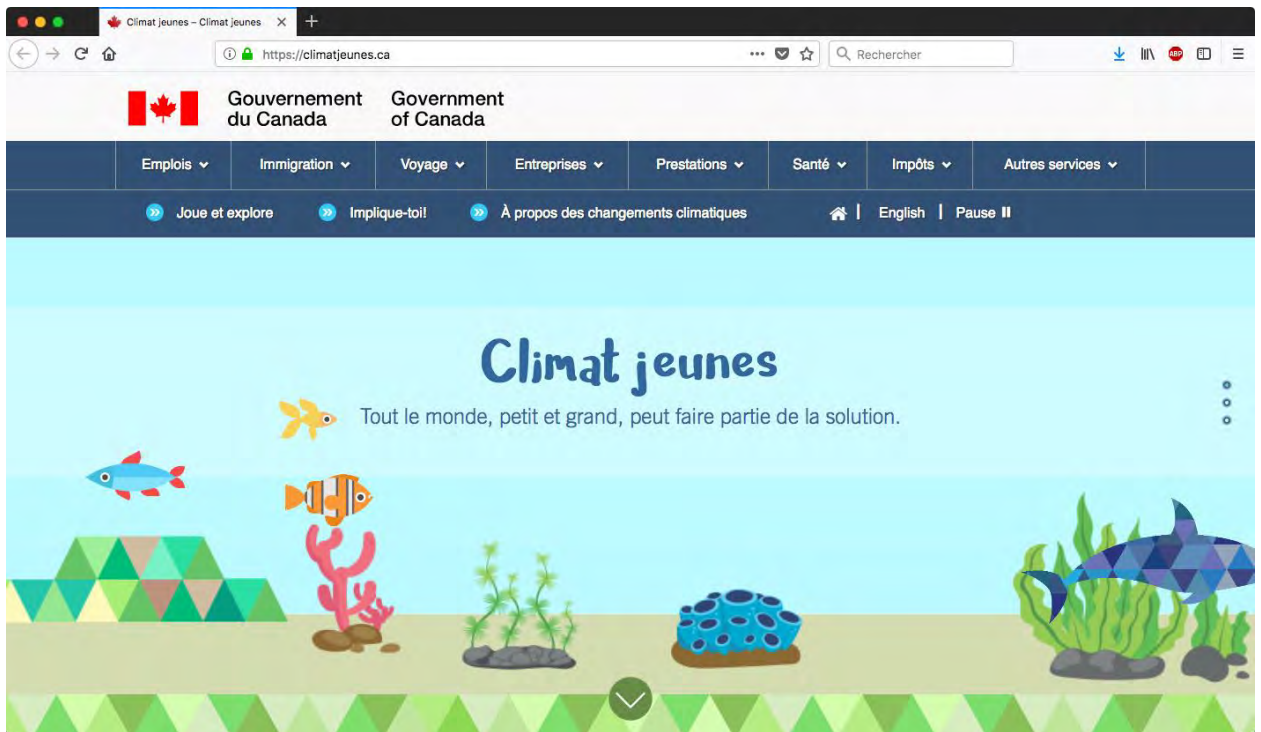
- Très ludique
- Interactif et esthétique

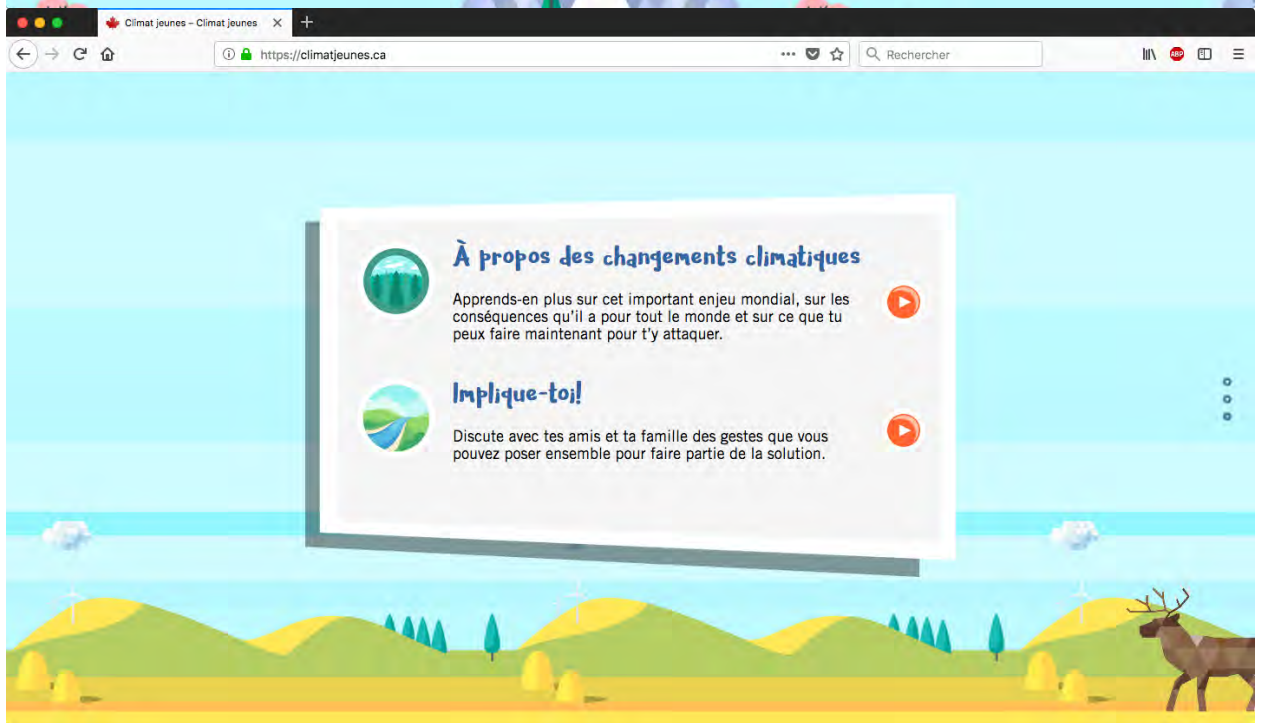
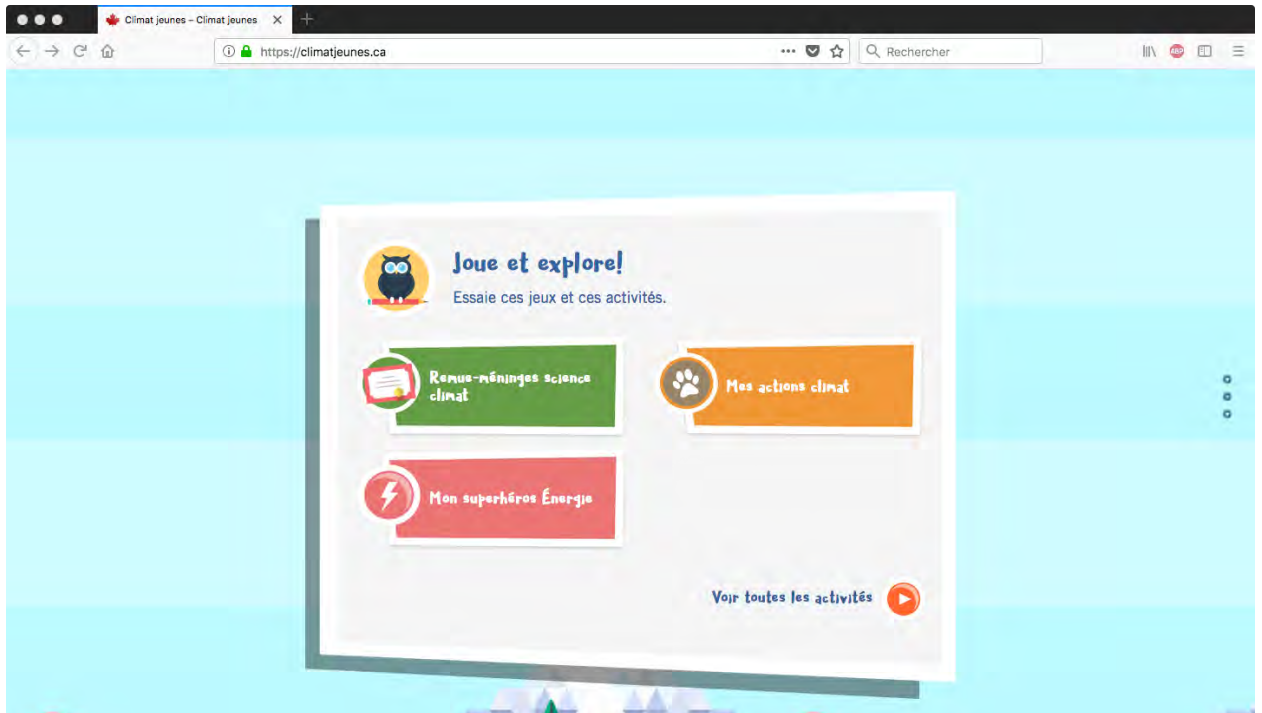


- Apporte des solutions en fonction des réponses données par l'élève

Faiblesse de cet outils :

- Questions un peu généralistes qu'il faudrait approfondir
- Niveau de connaissance un peu faible dans le quizz
- Activité qui se mène seule devant son écran (pas besoin d'un prof)
- Pas de caractère local à la reflexion.





Remue-méninges science climat

https://climatjeunes.ca/remue-meninges-science-climat/

Rechercher




## Remue-méninges science climat

D'où provient l'énergie renouvelable?

Question 5 de 12

- Du vent
- Du soleil
- Des rivières
- Toutes ces réponses

SOUMETTRE

Ce que tu peux faire - Climat

https://climatjeunes.ca/ce-que-tu-peux-faire/

Rechercher

## Ce que tu peux faire

Les changements climatiques sont l'un des plus grands défis de notre époque. Nous devons agir maintenant. Savais-tu qu'il y a des gestes que tu peux poser chaque jour pour faire partie de la solution? En voici quelques exemples :

- Alimentation +
- Énergie +
- Eau +
- À retenir +
- À l'école +

Mon superhéros Énergie – Climat

https://climatjeunes.ca/mon-superheros-energie/

## ⚡ Mon superhéros Énergie

Choisis un superpouvoir d'énergie renouvelable.

Étape 3 de 5

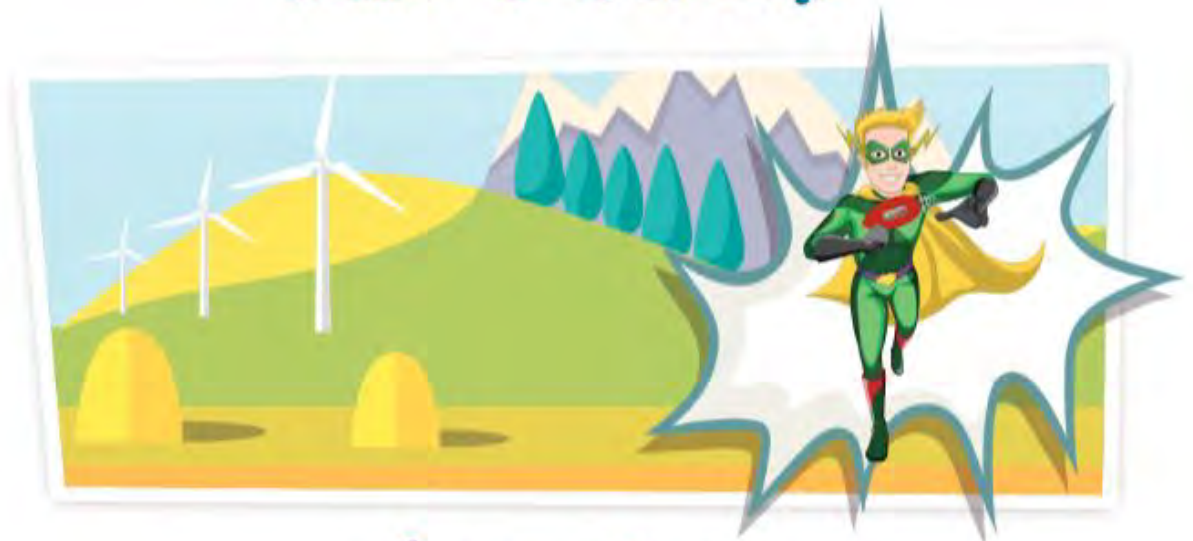
L'énergie renouvelable provient de sources qui sont gratuites (comme le soleil) ou qui se renouvellent naturellement (comme les rivières) ou peuvent être renouvelées (comme les cultures de biomasse) presque aussi vite que nous les utilisons. Les principaux types d'énergie renouvelable sont l'énergie éolienne, l'hydroélectricité, l'énergie solaire, l'énergie géothermique et la biomasse. Choisis le type d'énergie qu'utilise ton superhéros pour en savoir plus.

**Éolienne**  
Le vent, c'est de l'énergie en mouvement.

**Hydroélectricité**  
L'eau qui se déplace, c'est de l'énergie en mouvement.

**Solaire**  
L'énergie de la chaleur et de la lumière du soleil.

## Justicier De la Bioénergie



## Énergie éolienne

## “Normales et variabilité”

Lien (URL) : <http://education.meteofrance.fr/college/activites-experimentales/le-climat-en-mathematiques/normales-et-variabilite>

Objectif pédagogique: **Activité mise en œuvre en classe avec les élèves à partir de mesures locales de météorologie.** Cela permet de constater ou non des écarts entre les **la météo observée et les normales de saison.** **Éveille le sens critique de l'élève et lui fait constater l'impact au niveau local des changements climatiques.** **Développe l'utilisation d'indicateurs statistiques en Mathématiques ainsi que l'utilisation du tableur.**

Principales thématiques

- Le phénomène : Les variations du climat
- Impacts : **Ce que l'on observe localement**

Courte présentation

“Au mois de janvier 2015, la météo de Montpellier a-t-elle été conforme aux normales saisonnières ?”

Il s'agit, à partir d'informations recueillies sur le site de Météo-France, de comparer la météo locale (températures, ensoleillement, pluviométrie) du dernier mois écoulé avec les normales saisonnières.

Après avoir rangé les données recueillies en classes, les élèves sont invités à calculer des fréquences afin d'élaborer une argumentation et de présenter leurs conclusions.

### **Éléments complémentaires fournis par l'outils en ligne**

Document d'aide (fiche élève...)

Langue(s) disponible(s): Français

Organisme responsable/Créateur

Météo France

Site réalisé en partenariat avec le ministère de l'Éducation nationale

### Contact

Nom: Météo France

Tel/email.....

Forces de cet outils :

- Activité parfaitement adaptée au programme de cycle 4 de Maths
- **Caractère local de l'étude**



- Demande aux élèves de faire eux même leur propre analyse de ce qu'ils observent.

Faiblesse de cet outils :

- L'activité doit être mise en place par le professeur

education.meteofrance.fr/college/activites-experimentales/le-climat-en-mathematiques

Météo France | Météo Outremer | Comprendre | Open Data | Offres et Services | Autres sites | A+ A-

**Éducation**  
Ressources et outils conçus pour l'enseignement

Activités à l'école | **Activités au collège** | Activités au lycée | Dossiers thématiques | Enseigner avec la météorologie

Accueil > Activités au collège > Activités pédagogiques > Le climat en mathématiques > Normales et variabilité

**Le climat en mathématiques**

Normales et variabilité  
• Comparaison du climat de deux villes

**Normales et variabilité**

Au mois de janvier 2015, la météo de Montpellier a-t-elle été conforme aux normales saisonnières ?

**Objectifs :**

Il s'agit, à partir d'informations recueillies sur le site de Météo-France, de comparer la météo locale (températures, ensoleillement, pluviométrie) du dernier mois écoulé avec les normales saisonnières.

Après avoir rangé les données recueillies en classes, les élèves sont invités à calculer des fréquences afin d'élaborer une argumentation et de présenter leurs conclusions.

**Données météo du site :**

o Données locales sur un mois de la ville la plus proche

education.meteofrance.fr/college/activites-experimentales/le-climat-en-mathematiques

**Données météo du site :**

- o Données locales sur un mois de la ville la plus proche
- o Données moyennes sur le même mois de la même ville

**Points mathématiques abordés :**

- o Tri de données en classes
- o Fréquences
- o Utilisation d'un tableau : écriture d'une formule, recopie, représentation en diagrammes circulaires
- o Interprétation des résultats

**Public visé :**

À partir de la classe de cinquième.

**Prérequis :**

Cette activité vient en conclusion de chapitre « Gestion de données ». Le tri d'informations sous forme de tableau, le calcul de fréquences et les diagrammes ont donc déjà été étudiés.

**Matériel :**

Ordinateur ou tablette avec connexion internet (ou relevé des données au préalable)

Vidéoprojecteur pour montrer certaines procédures si besoin

**Durée en heures :**

0.25 + 2 + 0.25

**Scénario/ dispositif de classe :**

1<sup>re</sup> partie : en classe entière discussion sur le problème posé et définition du vocabulaire

2<sup>de</sup> partie : en salle informatique par binômes ou individuellement

- o récolte des données sur le site météo

À propos des changements cli... Définitions de la climatologie Vidéos Logiciel Simclimat : Un modél...

www.meteofrance.fr/climat-passe-et-futur/comprendre-le-climat-mondial/les-... Rechercher

La médiane est un paramètre du même genre. Elle a la particularité de séparer l'échantillon en deux parties égales : 50 % des valeurs sont inférieures à la médiane, 50 % sont supérieures.

Si la distribution des valeurs est symétrique (exemple des températures moyennes quotidiennes en septembre à Paris), moyenne et médiane sont confondues.

Si la distribution est dissymétrique (cas des précipitations par exemple, où les faibles valeurs sont beaucoup plus souvent observées que les fortes valeurs), médiane et moyenne sont disjointes.

**Distribution des températures moyennes quotidiennes de septembre à Paris-Montsouris**

fréquence (%)

Température (°C)

premier quintile  
moyenne et médiane  
dernier quintile

La température moyenne d'un jour de septembre est centrée autour de la valeur 16,2°C, qui est à la fois le mode (valeur la plus fréquemment rencontrée), la moyenne et la médiane. 20 % des températures sont inférieures à 13,6 °C (quintile inférieur) et 20 % sont supérieures à 18,9 °C (quintile supérieur).



## Quizz réchauffement climatique

Lien (URL): <http://colleges.ac-rouen.fr/sainte-marie/ecoquiz/lemaitrelormier.htm>

Objectif pédagogique: Ce quizz permet de tester ses connaissances sur le réchauffement climatique à travers un questionnaire de type QCM en ligne.

### Principales thématiques

- Ses causes : **Rejet CO2, déforestation, combustion...**
- Impacts : **Effet de serre, fonte des glaciers, dilatation de l'eau...**
- Mesures / Solutions
  - Adaptation : **Transport, sources d'énergie, consommation d'énergie...**

### Courte présentation

Cette activité en ligne se compose de 20 questions à choix multiples portant sur les différentes thématiques du réchauffement climatique. Selon les questions il peut y avoir une aide, un indice et à chaque fois la correction.

Langue(s) disponible(s) : Français  
Organisme responsable/Créateur  
Collège sainte Marie

### Contact

Collège sainte Marie  
14 Rue de l'Église, Déville-lès-Rouen

### Forces de cet outil:

- Simplicité
- Diversité des types de questions
- **Correction et score qui s'affichent**

### Faiblesse de cet outil :

- Nombre de questions limité
- Certaines parties liées au réchauffement climatique ne sont pas forcément traitées.
- Ne traite pas spécifiquement du bassin méditerranéen



**Quizz réchauffement climatique**  
**Questionnaire à choix multiples ou à réponses courtes.**

Votre score est de: 66%.

[Afficher toutes les questions](#)

1 / 20 =>

L'atmosphère se réchauffe parce que les humains ...

- A. ? font des trous dans la couche d'ozone
- B. ? fabriquent de la radioactivité.
- C. :) augmentent l'effet de serre
- D. ? font des pluies acides

Votre score est de: 66%.

[Afficher toutes les questions](#)

<= 17 / 20 =>

Citez au moins un gaz à effet de serre (responsable du réchauffement climatique): (tapez soit l'écriture scientifique soit le nom en français sans article)

[Correction](#) | [Aide](#) | [Afficher la réponse](#)

Votre score est de: 66%.

[Afficher toutes les questions](#)

<= 12 / 20 =>

Quelles sont les technologies mises en œuvre dans un chauffe-eau solaire ?



- a.  Des cellules photovoltaïques
- b.  Des capteurs thermiques vitrés.
- c.  Des capteurs sous-vides
- d.  Des capteurs photo-sensibles

[Correction](#)

# Mieux comprendre le climat: Système climatique, une formidable machine qui s'emballe

Lien (URL):

<https://www.equalx.eu/upload/projet/dossier.11938167061510154259.pdf>

Objectif pédagogique: L'objectif est de construire la notion de réalité du réchauffement climatique observable dans des faits. Les supports ont été volontairement **diversifiés afin de varier le type d'activité : prélever des informations dans un texte, sur des images, sur une carte, sur un graphique.**

## Principales thématiques

- Le phénomène : Concentration du CO<sub>2</sub>, effet de serre.
- Impacts : Conséquences observables du réchauffement : migrations des animaux, réchauffement, fonte des glaciers, élévation du niveau des mers, ouragans, répartition des chenilles.
- Mesures / Solutions
  - Mitigation : La transition énergétique en limitant les émissions de CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Adaptation : Déterminer les zones vulnérables, modifier les pratiques agricoles, The Big U de New York

## Courte présentation

### • Séance 1 :

1-Le changement climatique actuel : les faits

**L'exploitation de la première double page de documents permet de construire la notion de changement climatique actuel sur des faits d'observation, afin de lutter contre l'idée commune que le réchauffement climatique est une théorie. L'exploitation de ces documents doit permettre d'aboutir à la notion de réchauffement climatique actuel, et à ses conséquences observables.**

2- Le changement climatique actuel : comprendre ce qui se passe

**Etudier l'impact de l'homme et les climats anciens**

### • Séance 2 – Prévoir et prévenir les risques

**A l'aide des modèles, mais aussi grâce aux études des variations passées, on peut essayer de prévoir et prévenir les risques associés au changement climatique.**

Langue(s) disponible(s) : Français

## Organisme responsable/Créateur

Dossier réalisé par Marc Jubault-Bregler, Professeur au lycée Montaigne (Bordeaux)



Directeur de collection du manuel Spiralère  
Cycle 4 aux éditions Nathan.

## Contact

Fondation La main à la pâte  
43, rue de Rennes  
75006 Paris - France  
Tel : +33 1 85 08 71 79

## Forces de cet outil :

- Diversité des documents proposées sur cette thématique
- Scénario cohérent et applicable dans une progression de cycle 4 en répondant aux attendus de fin de cycle :
  - Explorer et expliquer certains éléments de météorologie et de climatologie
  - **Identifier les principaux impacts de l'action humaine, bénéfiques et risques à la surface de la planète Terre.**

## Faiblesses de cet outil :

- **Pas d'interactivité dans les documents proposés**
- Scénario **basé en amont puis en aval d'un entretien avec une scientifique spécialisée** dans le réchauffement climatique : absence de cette conférence sur cet outil



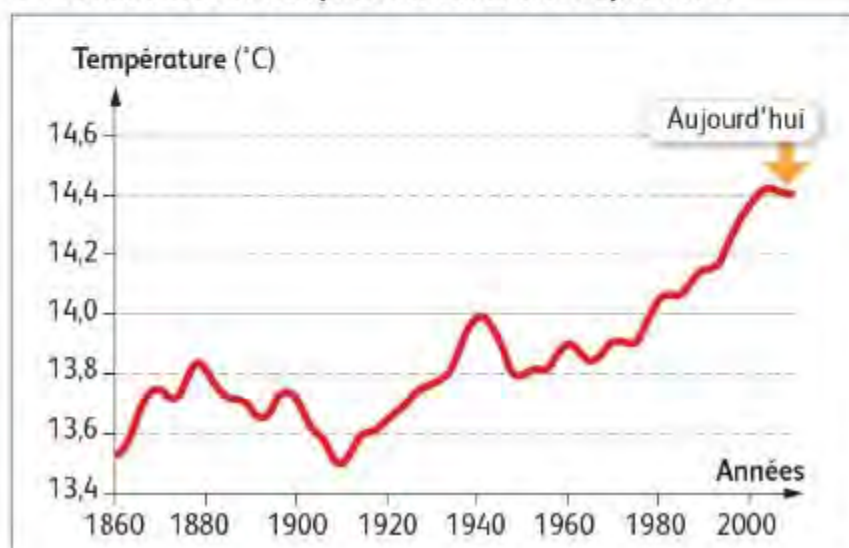
## 1 Des oiseaux qui déménagent

Sur les rochers du Cap Fréhel, ce printemps, ils étaient trois fois moins nombreux qu'il y a deux ans. Ailleurs, ils modifient leurs itinéraires de migration, ils décalent leurs périodes de reproduction, ils changent leur régime alimentaire. Les bouleversements du mode de vie des oiseaux constituent l'un des meilleurs indicateurs des évolutions climatiques en cours.

Le phytoplancton est parti le premier. Parce que les eaux de la mer du Nord s'étaient réchauffées d'un petit degré, ces micro-organismes marins ont subitement migré vers des fonds plus rigoureux. Le zooplancton l'a suivi. Et puis dans leurs sillages, on a vu s'en aller le lançon, ce "poisson-fourrage" fin et longiligne dont se nourrissent les gros poissons et les oiseaux marins... Parmi les vastes colonies de mouettes tridactyles, de guillemots et de pingouins, de sternes et de fous de Bassan qui peuplent les côtes britanniques, souffla un vent de panique... Un jour de 2004, quand les ornithologues écossais revinrent sur la falaise qu'ils étudiaient, il n'y avait plus d'oiseaux.

Laurent Carpentier, « Le réchauffement climatique raconté par les oiseaux »,  
*Le Monde Magazine*, 27 juin 2008.

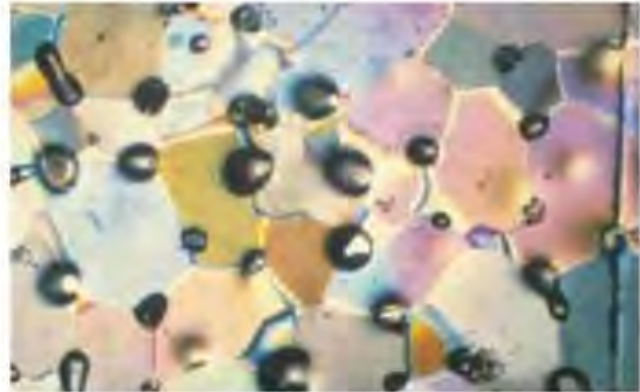
## 2 L'évolution de la température mondiale depuis 1860





**4 Scientifiques prélevant une carotte de glace en antarctique**

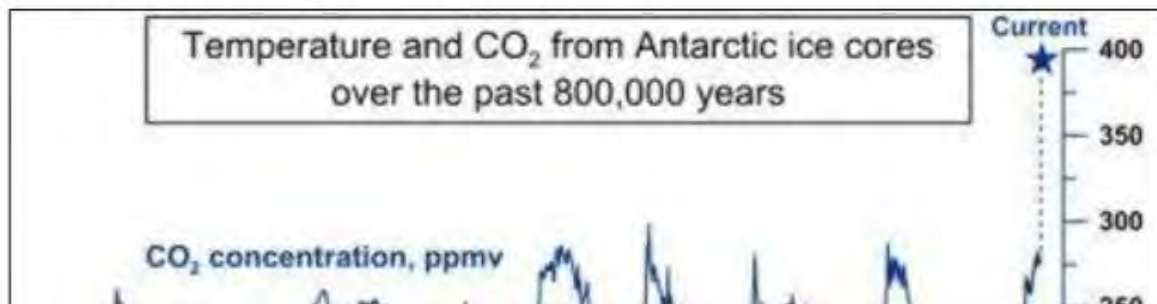
Expédition Great Ice sur le glacier Guanaco, Chili, août 2008.



**5 Bulles d'air emprisonnées dans la glace (observation en lumière polarisée et analysée)**

Les bulles d'air apparaissent en noir tandis que les cristaux de glace sont colorés.

**6 Reconstitution de la concentration en CO<sub>2</sub> de l'atmosphère terrestre grâce aux études sur les glaces polaires**



### 3 Comment le passé peut-il nous aider pour l'avenir ?

#### 1 La grotte Cosquer et le niveau de la Méditerranée

- En 1985, le plongeur professionnel Henri Cosquer découvre, près de Marseille (Bouches-du-Rhône), l'entrée d'une grotte à 36 m sous le niveau de la mer.

- Cette grotte, nommée « grotte Cosquer », abrite de nombreuses gravures et peintures préhistoriques.

- Des analyses scientifiques ont révélé qu'elle a été fréquentée par les Hommes préhistoriques entre environ -27 000 et -19 000 ans. Les scientifiques affirment qu'à cette époque, l'entrée de la grotte était à l'air libre, donc accessible aux Hommes préhistoriques.



#### 2 La grotte Chauvet et la biodiversité passée

- La grotte Chauvet, découverte en 1994, est située à Vallon-Pont-d'Arc (Ardèche). Les scientifiques estiment que la grotte a été occupée par des êtres humains entre -37 000 et -28 000 ans.

- On peut y observer plus de 400 peintures et gravures représentant un grand nombre d'animaux typiques des régions de steppes et de toundras : félins, mammoths, rhinocéros laineux, chevaux, bisons, bouquetins, ours, rennes, aurochs, mégacéros.



# L'Océan, ma planète... et moi !

Lien (URL): <https://www.fondation-lamap.org/fr/page/28652/ocean-sequence-i-locean-et-le-climat>

**Objectif pédagogique:** Cette étude de la « machine océanique » conduit à une prise de conscience de la fragilité des océans, poumons de notre planète, et à la nécessité de leur sauvegarde

## Principales thématiques

- Impacts : Les élèves réalisent les complexes conséquences du réchauffement planétaire sur les océans : accélération de la fonte de la banquise et des glaciers, montée du niveau des mers, acidification des **eaux (et ses conséquences sur le vivant)**...

## Courte présentation

**Cette séquence (10 séances) explore les océans avec les yeux d'un physicien océanographe. Les élèves commencent par étudier la répartition des grandes masses d'eau sur Terre et la place des océans dans le cycle de l'eau. Ils s'interrogent sur l'origine et l'entretien des grands courants océaniques et comprennent que la température et la salinité sont des paramètres clés. Cette séquence permet également d'étudier le rôle central que jouent les océans dans la régulation des climats, en raison notamment de leur inertie thermique. Les élèves réalisent les complexes conséquences du réchauffement planétaire sur les océans : accélération de la fonte de la banquise et des glaciers, montée du niveau des mers, acidification des eaux (et ses conséquences sur le vivant).**

Cette étude de la « machine océanique » conduit à une prise de conscience de la fragilité des océans, poumons de notre planète, et à la nécessité de leur sauvegarde.

## Éléments **complémentaires fournis par l'outil en ligne**

Pour chaque séance : Présentation -Question initiale-Expérimentation-Mise en commun-Recherche (étude documentaire)-Conclusion-Prolongements

Langue(s) disponible(s) : Français

## Organisme responsable/Créateur

La Fondation *La main à la pâte* – Paris - France

## Contact

Mathieu HIRTZIG

David Wilgenbus

Gabrielle Zimmermann

Tel : +33 1 85 08 71 79





Forces de cet outil:

- Diversité des activités pratiques proposées sur cette thématique
- Scénario cohérent
- **Possibilités de traiter cet outil autour d'un projet interdisciplinaire (EPI/ SVT-Sciences Physiques).**

Faiblesse de cet outil :

- Il nécessite une inscription avec une adresse mail
- Ne traite pas directement la Méditerranée mais l'ensemble des eaux océaniques
- Ne traite pas directement du réchauffement climatique mais d'une conséquence



#### Plusieurs parcours possibles

Ce module pédagogique offre de nombreuses entrées suivant la thématique voulue (plutôt physique, ou biologique, ou développement durable...) et le temps que la classe pourra consacrer au projet. Il n'a pas été pensé de façon à être mis en place in extenso, de la première à la dernière séance, mais de façon à permettre à l'enseignant de « piocher » les séances qui lui permettront de réaliser son propre parcours.

Chacune des 3 séquences thématiques constitue en soi une progression possible, à laquelle peut s'adjoindre une séance-bilan :

- Séquence 1 : L'océan et le climat
- Séquence 2 : L'océan, milieu de vie
- Séquence 3 : L'océan et l'homme

Nous proposons ci-dessous 3 exemples de parcours :

- Parcours pluridisciplinaire à l'école primaire
- Parcours physique-chimie au collège
- Parcours SVT au collège

#### Séquence 1 : L'océan et le climat



#### Séquence 2 : L'océan, milieu de vie



Titre	Résumé
<b>1.1 - Les réservoirs d'eau</b>	La Terre est la « planète bleue » car elle dispose de grandes quantités d'eau. Les élèves réalisent que la presque totalité (97%) de cette eau est salée et présente dans les mers et océans.
<b>1.2 - Le cycle de l'eau</b>	Une étude documentaire montre que l'eau passe sans cesse d'un réservoir à un autre. C'est le « cycle de l'eau ». Ce faisant, elle peut également changer d'état, liquide, solide ou gazeuse. La quantité d'eau présente sur Terre reste constante.
<b>1.3 - Les courants thermiques</b>	Les élèves s'interrogent sur l'origine et l'entretien des courants océaniques et réalisent, par une expérience, que l'eau chaude est moins dense que l'eau froide.
<b>1.4 - Les courants de salinité</b>	Les élèves expérimentent et réalisent que l'eau salée est plus dense que l'eau douce. Cette différence de salinité peut alimenter des courants marins, comme le Gulf Stream.
<b>1.5 - L'inertie thermique des océans</b>	A l'aide d'une expérience montrant l'inertie thermique de l'eau et d'une étude documentaire, les élèves mettent en évidence le rôle des océans dans la régulation des climats.
<b>1.6 - Fonte des glaces et augmentation du niveau des mers</b>	Les élèves réalisent une expérience montrant que la fonte de la banquise ne fait pas monter le niveau des océans, tandis que la fonte des glaciers continentaux entraîne bien une montée des eaux. Une étude documentaire montre la fragilité de certaines régions du Globe.
<b>1.7 - Dilatation des océans et augmentation du niveau des mers</b>	Les élèves mettent en évidence la dilatation de l'eau, sous l'effet de la chaleur. Ils en concluent qu'il s'agit d'un facteur supplémentaire d'augmentation du niveau des mers sous l'effet du changement climatique.
<b>1.8 - Couleur et température l'importance de la banquise</b>	Les élèves montrent par une expérience simple qu'une surface claire se réchauffe moins, sous l'action de la lumière du Soleil, qu'une surface sombre. Ils en déduisent que la banquise joue un rôle important dans la régulation du climat global.
<b>1.9 - Emissions de CO<sub>2</sub> et acidification des océans</b>	Les élèves montrent, par une expérience, que les émissions de CO <sub>2</sub> entraînent une acidification des océans.
<b>1.10 - Conséquences sur le vivant de l'acidification des océans</b>	En étudiant le blanchiment des coraux et en observant la dissolution d'un coquillage dans du vinaigre, les élèves comprennent que l'acidification des océans nuit aux espèces marines, en particulier aux coquillages et aux coraux.

## Océan - Séance 1.9 Emissions de CO<sub>2</sub> et acidification des océans

Résumé	Les élèves montrent, par une expérience, que les émissions de CO <sub>2</sub> entraînent une acidification des océans.
Notions	- Le CO <sub>2</sub> émis peut se dissoudre dans l'eau - cette dissolution entraîne une acidification de l'eau
Modalités d'investigation	Expérimentation
Matériel	Pour la classe : - un pH-mètre ou un kit de mesure de pH pour piscine  Pour chaque groupe : - 1 ou 2 paille(s) - Un petit récipient - De l'eau - Du vinaigre, du jus de citron, du soda (type « coca-cola ») - (facultatif) de l'eau de chaux
Lexique	Acidité, pH, dioxyde de carbone, pollution
Durée :	1 h

### A propos du matériel

Cette séance nécessite un matériel spécifique, certes, mais peu onéreux : un pH mètre numérique peut être commandé pour 7 euros, et un kit de mesure de pH pour piscine pour 12 euros.

Le papier pH est encore moins cher (1 euro) ... mais nous le déconseillons car il n'est pas assez sensible pour cette expérience.



# Modéliser les climats du futurs : activité pédagogique avec le logiciel BYOE

Lien (URL):

<http://eduterre.ens-lyon.fr/ressources/par-niveau/ressources-pedagogiques-cycle-4>

<http://www.buildyourownearth.com/index.html>

Objectif pédagogique: Faire comprendre l'importance de la COP 21 grâce à la modélisation des climats du futur. Le logiciel BYOE permet de comprendre les effets de l'augmentation du taux de gaz à effets de serre dans l'atmosphère sur le climat global.

## Principales thématiques

- Le phénomène: La variation de la température due aux gaz à effet de serre
- Ses causes: Relation **entre l'émission des gaz à effet de serre et l'élévation de la température**

## Courte présentation

Le logiciel BYOE a été mis au point par l'Université de Manchester pour simuler l'évolution du climat en fonction de différents paramètres naturels variables comme :

- Les paramètres orbitaux (inclinaison de l'axe de la terre, excentricité de l'orbite, constante solaire ...)
- La répartition des continents et des océans
- Les propriétés des enveloppes fluides (atmosphère, hydrosphère, cryosphère ...)

et bien d'autres encore

Il permet de créer votre propre monde et d'en explorer la météo (les nuages, le vent, les précipitations, la température de l'air et des eaux de, les courants océaniques ...).

Langue(s) disponible(s) : français (ressource, fiche pédagogique) ; anglais (site byoe)

Organisme responsable/Créateur :

Eduterre est une équipe d'ACCES (Actualisation Continue des Connaissances des Enseignants en Sciences) de l'Institut français de l'Éducation (IFÉ) dont les productions



de ressources sont tournées vers l'enseignement scientifique du secondaire et destinées aux professionnels de l'éducation et de la formation.

## Contact

École normale supérieure de Lyon  
Institut français de l'Éducation - ACCES19  
allée de Fontenay 69007 Lyon - France  
<http://eduterre.ens-lyon.fr/contact-info>

## Forces de cet outil :

- adapté au programme cycle 4: condition de la vie sur terre; changement climatique du futur
- interactif, innovant, le logiciel est intuitif et facilement utilisable par les élèves
- compétences : collecter les informations sous forme de tableau
- **peut être le support d'un travail pluridisciplinaire entre SVT, Physique-Chimie et Géographie**

## Faiblesse de cet outil :

- changement globale pas régionale
- **n'explique pas les causes de l'émission des gaz à effet de serre (origine humaine ?)**
- **lié à l'informatique, réseau au collègue**

The screenshot shows the ACCES-EDUTERRE website interface. At the top left is the logo for 'ifé INSTITUT FRANÇAIS DE L'ÉDUCATION'. At the top right are social media icons and the text 'ACCES - EDUTERRE'. Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb trail reads 'Vous êtes ici : Accueil / Thématiques / Climat / BYOE / Modéliser les Climats du Futur'. The main heading is 'MODÉLISER LES CLIMATS DU FUTUR', with a sub-heading 'Mise à jour le 27/05/2016 Par Isabelle Veltz'. A paragraph of text explains the importance of COP 21 and the BYOE software. Below this is a table with three rows: 'Place dans le BO - Cycle 4', 'Connaissances', and 'Compétences'. The table content is as follows:

Place dans le BO - Cycle 4	La Planète Terre, l'environnement et l'action humaine.
Connaissances	La Terre dans le système solaire
Compétences	<b>Pratiquer des démarches scientifiques et technologiques :</b> Interpréter un résultat, en tirer une conclusion. <b>Mobiliser des outils numériques :</b> pour simuler des phénomènes. <b>Se situer dans l'espace et le temps :</b> Se situer dans l'environnement et maîtriser la notion d'échelle

Paramétrer le logiciel en suivant les consignes suivantes :

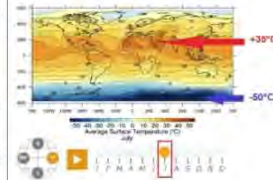
- Dans la fenêtre "Earth 1" choisir "Recent" puis dans le menu déroulant choisir "Current day 2015"
- Dans la fenêtre "Change climate property" choisir "Atmosphere" puis "Mean Temperature" et "Surface"



- Cliquer sur "view properties"

- Cliquer sur "view climate model" puis "Add Earth 2" et choisir "Recent" puis "Control in 1975"
- Cliquer sur "View climat model" et en déplaçant le curseur de gauche à droite regarder si les températures ont beaucoup changé.
- Dans la fenêtre "Earth2" choisir "Preindustrial Control" (qui correspond aux données récoltées l'année 1850 avant que la société ne soit profondément industrialisée).
- Cliquer sur "View climat model" et déplacer le curseur.

- Observer l'évolution de la température à la surface du globe au cours des mois de l'année.
- Rechercher le mois où les écarts entre les températures les plus chaudes et les températures les plus froides est le plus important.
- Noter ces valeurs et calculer l'écart thermique.
- Observer la teneur en gaz à effet de serre présent dans l'atmosphère en 2015. Noter ces valeurs dans un tableau à double entrée.
- Observer les valeurs des teneurs de ces mêmes gaz 40 ans plus tôt et les noter dans le tableau.



85°C

Concentration de l'atmosphère en gaz à effet de serre			
	CO2 (ppm)	NO2 (ppb)	Méthane (ppb)
2015	400	325	1750

Concentration de l'atmosphère en gaz à effet de serre			
	CO2 (ppm)	NO2 (ppb)	Méthane (ppb)
2015	400	325	1750
1975	335	295	1500

- Compléter le tableau à l'aide des valeurs des taux atmosphériques en 1850.

- Observer, en Juillet, l'évolution des surfaces occupées par les régions où la température est supérieure à 35° et au pôle nord de celles qui sont inférieures à 0° rappeler quel est l'état de l'eau à des températures inférieures à 0°C.

Concentration de l'atmosphère en gaz à effet de serre			
	CO2 (ppm)	NO2 (ppb)	Méthane (ppb)
2015	400	325	1750



## Existing tools in Greece

- 1) *Climate change and **poverty** ("Against the stream")*
- 2) *Climate Change: Shall we play? Environmental – Climate Migration: Educational Activities*
- 3) *Climate – Energy*
- 4) *Environmental Education material*



## Climate change and poverty (“Against the stream”)

Link (URL): <http://education.actionaid.gr/dunamikoi-ekpaideutikoi/ekpaideutiko-uliko/klimatikes-allages-ftoheia/>

Pedagogical objective

“Against the stream” is an educational package offered to teachers and students by NGO Action Aid. Its main aim is to raise students’ awareness about two of the biggest global problems: Climate change and Poverty. Some of its objectives are (indicatively),

The students should

- understand the world and its problems as an interconnected total
- study the way of climate change is emerged all over the world
- realize the impacts of human activities on the environment
- interrelate climate change impacts with human rights
- develop social action skills

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- Causes
- Impacts
- Measures Solutions
  - Mitigation
  - Adaptation

Short presentation

“Against the stream” is an educational package offered to teachers and students by NGO Actinoaid. It’s available for teachers in a CD after their registration. The education material is aimed at students of Gymnasio (age 12-15).

“Against the stream” discusses two of the biggest global problems-challenges for the future world’s citizens, inextricably tied: Climate change and Poverty.

CD contains the software **Comic Lab** and a **5 chapters’ book** ( online: <http://education.actionaid.gr/dunamikoi-ekpaideutikoi/ekpaideutiko-uliko/klimatikes-allages-ftoheia/> ). Each chapter includes 2-3 activities. There are worksheets and supporting material for every chapter. Some of its topics-questions are:



What is causing climate change? What is the role of developed and developing countries? What is CO<sub>2</sub> ? Does climate change contribute to encroachment of basic human rights such as food and water ?

The five chapters (and subtopics) are:

1. Global connections (I live in my world – What do I care? – The line that connects stories)
2. Climate and climate change (What the camera **didn't see** – The thermometer raises – News from the globe)
3. What is causing climate change? (Emissions – Low, middle and high footprints – lifestyle priorities- If the globe was a village of 100 people- Priorities pyramid)
4. Climate change and human rights (When low becomes right – the human right to water – How many meals from one litre?- A debate on biofuel - Arguments)
5. We go against the stream (I am a citizen of the world – What is the future I want to live in? - )

Its implementation lasts about 20 didactic hours.

Complementary elements provided by the online tool

1. A six minutes video about climate change
2. A global map
3. Educational material for primary school students

Language(s) available: Greek

Responsible organisation/Producer: ActionAid Education

Contact

Name: ActionAid

Phone: 0030-2109211029/Fax 0030-2109212376

e-mail: [education.hellas@actionaid.org](mailto:education.hellas@actionaid.org)

Strengths of this tool:

- This educational material emphasizes issues that are usually missing (social problems) in such projects. It develops the critical approach and-in this way-students critical thinking.
- It is useful for every teacher and its structure could be adapted to his/her project
- It helps students to look in many aspects of climate change, so they can easily learn, develop skills and think of their personal contribution to the solution of the problem



## Weaknesses of this tool

- This educational material is not interactive- it can be under conditions. Teachers can install the software Comic Lab provided on the cd of Action aid.
- It could be relatively easy for the organization to upload an application supporting the students activities (e.g. ch.5)

Web page of Action aid  
on Climate change and poverty



The book (Cosmobook)  
“Against the stream”



# Climate Change: Shall we play?

## 99 questions on climate change and related issues

Link (URL): [http://kpe-kastor.kas.sch.gr/climate\\_change/index.htm](http://kpe-kastor.kas.sch.gr/climate_change/index.htm)

### Pedagogical objective

*CLIMATE CHANGE: Shall we play?* is an online educational tool which contains 99 questions about climate change and relevant topics (see Annex, Screenshots 1 & 2). Students, who participate in, are asked to choose the right answer among the multiple options given for each question.

Its pedagogical objective, as implied by the content, is to sensitize students about climate change, to increase their knowledge on various dimensions and affect positively their attitudes in addressing it. The objectives (cognitive, affective and psychomotor) are concerning the topics and sub-topics mentioned in the short presentation of the tool.

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- Causes
- Impacts
- Measures / Solutions  
Mitigation and Adaptation

### Short presentation

The online educational tool *CLIMATE CHANGE: Shall we play?* contains 99 questions which cover the following main topics: Weather-Climate (10 questions), Greenhouse effect (25 questions), Climate change (29 questions), Individual and collective actions to address it (35 questions) (see Annex, Screenshots 1 & 2).

In each question, they are given different choices (from two up to four). Participants should choose the right one by checking the corresponding checkbox. Further supporting information is commonly available in the reply tab. On the right side of the text there is an illustration related to the question. (see Annex, Screen shots 3 & 4).

More specifically the tool covers the following topics and sub-topics:

1. The difference between weather and climate.
2. The Greenhouse effect:

2a. Atmosphere composition, GHE gases, Mechanism of Greenhouse effect and its role in average air temperature.

2b. Common misunderstandings: GHE/depletion of ozone layer, GHE: beneficial phenomenon/serious environmental problem.

2c. **Human activities and deforestation** in regard to the increase of the concentration of greenhouse gases.

### 3. **Climate change:**

3a. Impacts in natural systems: Average air temperatures, ice sheet in polar regions, glaciers, sea level, extreme weather events, biodiversity.

3b. Impacts in humans: climate refugees, access to fresh drinking water, human health, agricultural sector.


3c. Scientific predictions and future scenarios, with particular reference to possible impacts on Mediterranean region (change in annual precipitation patterns, increase of drought periods. Quest. 62/see Annex: Screenshot 4).

### 4. **Individual and collective actions** to address Climate Change. Energy saving and pollution reduction.

4a. Mitigation strategies regarding mainly everyday energy use in household electrical appliances, house heating, cooling and lighting as well as recycling (aluminium, glass), eating choices, renewable energy sources.

4b. Adaptation strategies regarding generating energy systems, transportation infrastructure, awareness and education of public, the role of international scientific community (IPCC), politics (European climate change policy), school community (projects for climate change education and communication).

### Complementary elements provided by the online tool

- Embedded information texts and other reference online material (  the icon for *Further information*).
- Glossary in which the terms and concepts related to climate change are listed alphabetically. Approximately 40 terms are explained.
- **Climate Change...and some consequences. A second online tool about the impacts of climate change** is provided by the same educational organization in its website: [http://kpe-kastor.kas.sch.gr/additional\\_material/add\\_climate\\_1.htm](http://kpe-kastor.kas.sch.gr/additional_material/add_climate_1.htm). It may also be considered as individual or additional material to *CLIMATE CHANGE: Shall we play?* ( see Annex. Screenshot 3).

Language(s) available: Greek

Responsible organisation/Producer

Name: Kastoria Center of Environmental Education

Phone/email: Ph.: +30 2467-023069 e-mail: [kpekast1@otenet.gr](mailto:kpekast1@otenet.gr)



### Strengths of this tool

- **A multidimensional approach in terms of the content as it covers a variety of** aspects regarding the issue of climate change. The content is appropriate in terms of accuracy and thoroughness.
- User-friendly with easy accessibility and navigation in the different parts of the tool through simple keystrokes.
- Students are given the opportunity to control, in their own way, the pace of using this tool and, hence, the pace of their learning.
- Attractive aesthetics.

### Weaknesses of this tool

- **The structure upon which the tool is based is totally characterized by a “right-wrong” approach. As a result, it may not support adequately the development of** high order learning skills such as critical thinking, problem solving and decision-making. However, these competences are deemed important to address a very complex issue like climate change.
- Possible motivational weakness because the repeated form in presenting 99 questions of the tool **may not be effective in capturing and holding students’** interest.



## Κλιματική Αλλαγή ... Παιζουμε

### Κέντρο Περιβαλλοντικής Εκπαίδευσης Κιλκισιάς

#### Επιλέξτε Ερωτήσεις ...

Καιρός - Κλίμα      Φαινόμενα του Θερμοκηπίου

1	11	21	31	41	51	61	71	81	91
2	12	22	32	42	52	62	72	82	92
3	13	23	33	43	53	63	73	83	93
4	14	24	34	44	54	64	74	84	94
5	15	25	35	45	55	65	75	85	95
6	16	26	36	46	56	66	76	86	96
7	17	27	37	47	57	67	77	87	97
8	18	28	38	48	58	68	78	88	98
9	19	29	39	49	59	69	79	89	99
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Κλίμα  
Λεξιλόγιο

## Κλιματική Αλλαγή ... Παιζουμε

### Κέντρο Περιβαλλοντικής Εκπαίδευσης Κιλκισιάς

#### ΕΥΡΕΤΗΚΟΙ ΜΗΧΑΝΙΣΜΟΙ ΤΟΥ ΠΡΩΤΟΚΟΛΛΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΚΙΩΤΟ

Το Πρωτόκολλο του Κιότο προβλέπει τρεις "εξελίξεις μηχανισμών", οι οποίες βασίζονται στη λειτουργία της οικονομίας της αγοράς:

- (i) την αγορά δικαιωμάτων εκπομπών (Emissions Trading System, ETS),
- (ii) την από κοινού υλοποίηση (Joint Implementation, JI) και
- (iii) τον μηχανισμό καθαρής ανάπτυξης (Clean Development Mechanism, CDM).

Επίσης, των αναφερόμενων μηχανισμών είναι να δοθεί στις βιομηχανικές χώρες η δυνατότητα να τηρήσουν μέρος των δεσμεύσεών τους που αφορούν στη μείωση των εκπομπών αερίων του θερμοκηπίου. Η δυνατότητα αυτή διασφαλίζεται μέσω εμπορίου δικαιωμάτων εκπομπών μεταξύ των βιομηχανικών χωρών, αλλά και με την απόκτηση πιστώσεων ως αποτέλεσμα των εκπομπών που υλοποιούνται οι χώρες αυτές στο εξωτερικό. Δηλαδή, η από κοινού υλοποίηση αφορά σε έργα που εκτελούνται σε άλλες βιομηχανικές χώρες, για τις οποίες έχουν επίσης καθοριστά στόχοι εκπομπών, ενώ ο μηχανισμός καθαρής ανάπτυξης υφίσταται σε έργα που εκτελούνται σε αναπτυσσόμενες χώρες, για τις οποίες δεν έχουν καθοριστά στόχοι.

Το ακριβές στο οποίο βασίστηκε ο σχεδιασμός των αυτών των μηχανισμών του πρωτοκόλλου

## Κλιματική Αλλαγή ... Παιζουμε

### Κέντρο Περιβαλλοντικής Εκπαίδευσης Κιλκισιάς

Εμφανίστε με στατιστικές προβλέψεις για τα επόμενα χρόνια, στη μεσογειακή έκταση αναμένεται...

A. ... να αυξηθεί η ετήσια μέση ποσότητα των ατμοσφαιρικών κατακρυφνυμάτων και να μειωθεί η συχνότητα των περιόδων ξηρασίας

B. ... να μειωθεί η ετήσια μέση ποσότητα των ατμοσφαιρικών κατακρυφνυμάτων και να αυξηθεί η συχνότητα των περιόδων ξηρασίας

✓ ΣΥΧΝΟΤΗΡΑ ΑΝΑΜΕΝΕΤΑ ΕΙΣΑ...      ✗ ΛΙΓΟΤΕΡΟΝ ΑΝΑΜΕΝΕΤΑ...

Επιστροφή...

## Κλιματική Αλλαγή ... Παιζουμε

### Κέντρο Περιβαλλοντικής Εκπαίδευσης Κιλκισιάς

#### ΤΟ ΦΑΙΝΟΜΕΝΟ ΤΟΥ ΘΕΡΜΟΚΗΠΙΟΥ & ΠΡΩΤΟΝ ΠΑΡΑΓΩΓΗΣ...

Επίσης, Κιότο

Φαινόμενο του Θερμοκηπίου

Κιότο (Κιότο)

Επιπτώσεις & Στάθμευση Δράσεις

Επιπτώσεις...

Κιότο

Κιότο (Κιότο)

Επιστροφή...

Το φαινόμενο του θερμοκηπίου προκαλείται από...

A. ... τη συσσώρευση αερίων του θερμοκηπίου μέσα της ατμόσφαιρας που απορροφούν από το έδαφος το διοξείδιο του άνθρακα που απελευθερώνεται από τις καυσιμύκητες...

B. ... τη "ραπεία των όρνιθων", που αποτελεί διαδικασία θέρμανση από τον ήλιο να φτάσει στη γη.

C. ... τη συσσώρευση αερίων του θερμοκηπίου μέσα της ατμόσφαιρας που απορροφούν από το έδαφος το διοξείδιο του άνθρακα που απελευθερώνεται από τις καυσιμύκητες...



# Environmental – Climate Migration: Educational Activities

Link (URL): <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1afcXVEUaxLRXXTrpP708H7LbMy7K6tkj/view>

## Pedagogical objective

“Environmental – Climate Migration » is an 275 p. e-book that contains educational material regarding the issue of migration caused by environmental causes. Its main aim is to help teachers and students implement educational programs about environmental - climate migration in school (even beyond school).

Some of its objectives are (indicatively):

The students to...:

- comprehend the basic concepts related to environmental-climate migration
- perceive the causes of environmental-climate migration
- critically analyse the public discourse about migration and detect the values behind the words.
- stand with migrants and refugees by planning and implementing initiatives that support them

## Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- Causes
- Impacts
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation
  - Adaptation

## Short presentation

This e-book was created by teachers they serve environmental education in Greece in the framework of the European project « S.A.M.E. WORLD – Sustainability - Awareness - Mobilization - Environment ». It is mainly focused on environmental refugees and migrants. Global community concerns about this issue since increasing number of people are forced to leave their residence due to climate change causes. The



educational activities are aimed at students of 10-15 y.o. They are developed on four thematic axes:

- Environmental - climate migration: a phenomenon coming from the past
- Environmental- climate migration in nowadays: a complex phenomenon
- Migrants and refugees through the view of society, mass media and formal policy
- We and environmental- climate migration

Complementary elements provided by the online tool  
Worksheets for each activity

Language(s) available: Greek

Responsible organisation/Producer: ITYE «DIOFANTOS»

Contact

Name: ITYE (Institute of Computer Technology and Publications) «DIOFANTOS»  
Strategy and Digital Educational Material Administration  
Mitropoleos 26-28, 10563, Athens  
<http://www.cti.gr>

Strengths of this tool:

- This educational material emphasizes on some impacts of climate change like **migration. It's an issue that is usually missing in such projects. It develops the critical approach and-in this way-students critical thinking.**
- It is useful for every teacher and its structure could be adapted to his/her project.
- It helps students develop skills like empathy and having a deepest look in such an important global issue.

Weaknesses of this tool

- It is not interactive.







**same world SAME World**

**Θέμα εργασίας 1.1.1**  
**Και όμωσ και οι ήπειροι μεταναστεύουν**

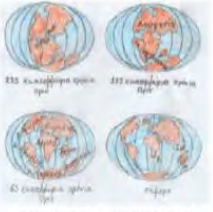
Διαβάζουμε το κείμενο με τον τίτλο «Τα περιβάλλον διαρκώς αλλάζει, το ίδιο και το κλίμα» και το κείμενο με τον τίτλο «Ποι όμωσ και οι ήπειροι μεταναστεύουν». Παρατηρούμε τις παρακάτω κινούμενες εικόνες και καταγράφουμε τις απόψεις μας για τα φαινόμενα που ανακάλυψαμε.



Η Γη πριν 450 εκατομμύρια χρόνια



Το ρεύμα του κόλπου του Μείζανι



230 εκατομμύρια χρόνια πριν  
 222 εκατομμύρια χρόνια πριν  
 62 εκατομμύρια χρόνια πριν  
 σήμερα

Η Γη πριν 222,135, 65 εκατομμύρια χρόνια και σήμερα

ΛΕΩΝΑΙ 1  
 ΠΟΤΕ ΑΡΧΙΣΕ :  
 Περιβαλλοντική & Διαπολιτισμική Μετανάστευση

**same world SAME World**

**Παράρτημα 3.4.1**  
**Εικόνες με θετική/αρνητική υποδοχή προσφύγων**



Εικόνα 1



Εικόνα 2

ΛΕΩΝΑΙ 3  
 ΠΟΣ ΤΗ ΒΑΡΕΣΟΜΕΙ:  
 Περιβαλλοντική & Διαπολιτισμική Μετανάστευση





# Climate – Energy

## Environmental Education material

Link (URL): <http://www.wwf.gr/enviromental-education/env-edu-climate>

### Pedagogical objective

The above web-page of WWF Greece is a source of a diverse educational material dedicated to the thorough study of climate change and its complex interconnections with various aspects of **our everyday life as well as the country's priorities for economic development**, the prevailing life-style, the choices we make etc.

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon
- Causes
- Impacts
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation
  - Adaptation

### Short presentation

The titles of the various and diverse educational material follow, mentioning the kind of activity and the time needed (where possible). It should be mentioned that for some of these activities/material there is a variety of supporting material: power-point presentations, explanatory notes, work-sheets, instructions, references, photographs, videos and other multimedia, webpages, hyperlinks, etc.

Also some titles are adapted to different age levels. For each title one screenshot (relatively numbered) follows in the last section of the template.

1. The journey to the city of the future ...  
Educational Workshop (60')
2. ECO<sub>2</sub>nomy: A game for our planet and our pocket!  
Board-game (40')
3. Bingo for Climate!  
Activity: **"find someone who ..."**
4. Floor game for climate change  
Floor-game
5. CD-**ROM "The Climate is in your hand"**



Complete Digital Educational Programme (the CD was distributed to the Directorates of Secondary Education and to the Environmental Education Centers)

6. Climate Change, Consumption and Sustainability  
A collection of 14 independent educational activities (the 12 of which are addressed to pupils of lower secondary education)
7. Schools for the Climate  
Educational Programme
8. Climate Chaos  
Complete Teacher Guide including several activities and supporting material.

**At the end of the list there are two more titles: "A fairy tale about solar energy" & "Educational Program for Energy and Climate Change" which are addressed to pupils of Primary School.**

Complementary elements provided by the online tool  
A variety of complementary elements for each title or activity is provided.

Language(s) available: Greek

Responsible organisation/Producer: WWF Greece

#### Contact

Name: Eleni Svoronou (Responsible for Environmental Education and Training)

Phone/email: +30 210 3314893 / [e.svoronou@wwf.gr](mailto:e.svoronou@wwf.gr)

#### Strengths of this tool

Very versatile and innovative material. It is adapted in specific age groups. It contains a lot of resources. It is scientifically and pedagogically sound.

#### Weaknesses of this tool

**Only the Digital Educational Programme "The Climate is in your hand" is interactive, but it is not available on-line (it runs through a CD-ROM).**



www.wwf.gr/images/pdfs/pe/Frigokartessyskeves.pdf

η ΓΛΩΣΣΑ ΤΟΥ ΜΕΛΛΟΝΤΟΣ

<p>DVD</p> <p>0,3KWh</p>	<p>Κονσόλες παιχνιδιών</p> <p>0,2KWh</p>
<p>Laptop</p>	<p>Ψυγείο ενεργ. κλάσης A</p>

www.wwf.gr/images/pdfs/pe/ECO2nomy\_Game\_instructions.pdf

η ΓΛΩΣΣΑ ΤΟΥ ΜΕΛΛΟΝΤΟΣ

**WWF**

**ECO<sub>2</sub>nomy**  
Ένα παιχνίδι για τον πλανήτη και την τσέπη μας!

**Στόχοι:**  
Οι μαθητές:

- ✓ Να συνοψίσουν τις γνώσεις τους για την κλιματική αλλαγή
- ✓ Να συνειδητοποιήσουν ότι η καθημερινή κατανάλωση ενέργειας επιβαρύνει το φαινόμενο του θερμοκηπίου
- ✓ Να διασκεδάσουν μαθαίνοντας ότι εξοικονομώντας ενέργεια εξοικονομούμε και χρήματα.
- ✓ Να γίνουν πρεσβευτές του μηνύματος στις οικογένειές τους

**Διάρκεια παιχνιδιού:** 40'

**Υλικά:**

- ✓ Χαρτί του μέτρου
- ✓ Μαρκαδόροι
- ✓ Τα συνημμένα [φύλλα δέντρου](#)
- ✓ Τα συνημμένα [ευρώ](#)

1

2

www.wwf.gr/images/pdfs/pe/EpidapedioKlimatos.pdf

η ΓΛΩΣΣΑ ΤΟΥ ΜΕΛΛΟΝΤΟΣ

**WWF**

**Βίγινγκ για το κλίμα!**  
Βρείτε κάποιον από την ομάδα που θα σας δώσει την απάντηση...  
(Προσοχή! Δεν μπορείτε να πάρετε δύο ή περισσότερες απαντήσεις από το ίδιο άτομο.  
Κάθε ερώτηση θα πρέπει να σας την απαντήσει διαφορετικός συμμετέχων σας)

<p>Πόσο έχει αυξηθεί η μέση παγκόσμια θερμοκρασία της Γης;</p> <p>α)0,8°C β)1,5°C γ)4°C</p> <p>Την απάντησή μου την έδωσα σ'η:</p>	<p>Το φαινόμενο που έχει ανεβάσει τη θερμοκρασία της Γης</p> <p>Την απάντησή μου την έδωσα σ'η:</p>	<p>Το πιο ένοχο αέριο αυτού του φαινομένου</p> <p>Την απάντησή μου την έδωσα σ'η:</p>
<p>Ένα παράδειγμα από πού μπορεί να προέρχεται αυτό το αέριο (το πλέονσμά)</p>	<p>Μια πρώτη ύλη που το παράγει</p>	<p>Κάτι που κάνω στην καθημερινότητά μου χρησιμοποιώντας αυτή την πρώτη ύλη</p>

3

www.wwf.gr/images/pdfs/pe/EpidapedioKlimatos.pdf

η ΓΛΩΣΣΑ ΤΟΥ ΜΕΛΛΟΝΤΟΣ

**WWF**

**ΕΠΙΔΑΠΕΔΙΟ ΠΑΙΧΝΙΔΙ ΓΙΑ ΑΛΛΑΓΗ ΚΛΙΜΑΤΟΣ**

**Υλικά παιχνιδιού:**

- ❖ Ένας μουσαμάς 2,5\*3,5 μέτρα με τετράγωνα (Κάνναβος με 4 τετράγωνα οριζόντια, το καθένα με άλλο χρώμα π.χ. κόκκινο, μπλε, πράσινο, κίτρινο και 5 τετράγωνα κάθετα όπως περιγράφονται παρακάτω). Σε περίπτωση που δεν υπάρχει μουσαμάς μπορεί να σχηματιστεί ο κάνναβος και στο προαύλιο ή πάτωμα με κιμωλία.
- ❖ 4 πόνια. Αν δεν υπάρχουν πόνια μπορούν τα ίδια τα παιδιά να επιλέξουν ένα άτομο από την ομάδα τους να κάνει το πόνι.
- ❖ Ένα ζάρι που θα έχει όμως μόνο τις επιλογές 1 & 2 εναλλάξ στις πλευρές του.
- ❖ Χαρτί του μέτρου.
- ❖ Μαρκαδόροι.
- ❖ Οι κάρτες ταμπού όπως περιγράφονται στη συνέχεια.

	<b>ΑΒΕΤΗΡΙΑ</b>			
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
	<b>ΤΕΡΜΑΤΙΣΜΟΣ</b>			

4



### 4<sup>ο</sup> Πανελλήνιο Συνέδριο «Προς την Αειφόρο Ανάπτυξη Φυσική Περιβαλλοντική Εκπαίδευση Ναύπλιο, 12-14 Δεκεμβρίου»

Τίτλος ανακοίνωσης:

Εκπαίδευση για την Αειφορία και το Περιβάλλον: Το Ψηφιακό  
Ελλάς για την Κλιματική Αλλαγή «Το Κλίμα είναι στο Χέρι

Ελένη Σβορώνου  
Υπεύθυνη Περιβαλλοντικής Εκπαίδευσης &  
Κατάρτισης Ενηλίκων  
WWF Ελλάς  
Φιλελλήνων 26  
105 58 Αθήνα  
[e.svoronou@wwf.gr](mailto:e.svoronou@wwf.gr)

#### ΠΕΡΙΛΗΨΗ

Η κλιματική αλλαγή είναι η σημαντικότερη ίσως πρόκληση  
ευαισθητοποίηση των μαθητών είναι επείγουσα προτεραιότητα  
υλικού που να πραγματοποιείται ολοκληρωμένα το θέμα κατά  
παιδιά είναι ένα απαιτητικό εγχείρημα. Το εκπαιδευτικό CI  
είναι στο Χέρι σου», για μαθητές 10-16 ετών, που σχεδιάσει  
στόχο να καλλιεργήσει αξίες, να δημιουργήσει κίνητρα για  
την αντιμετώπιση της κλιματικής αλλαγής. Κύριοι άξονες  
(α) ολοκληρωμένη αλλά και ευσύννοπη παρουσίαση της ου  
και πολιτικής πλευράς του θέματος, (β) σύνδεση της τοπική  
προβλήματος, (γ) καλλιέργεια της κριτικής σκέψης και των  
(δ) αξιοποίηση της αφήγησης μιας ιστορίας ("story telling") ώστε η εκπαιδευτική διαδικασία να

5

## Κλιματικές Αλλαγές, Κατανάλωση και Αειφορία

Αυτοτελείς εκπαιδευτικές δραστηριότητες για όσους από εσάς δεν μπορούν να  
αφιερώσουν περισσότερο χρόνο για να κάνουν ένα πλήρες πρόγραμμα περιβαλλοντικής  
εκπαίδευσης. Οι δραστηριότητες αυτές έχουν μεταφραστεί από τις αντίστοιχες του WWF  
UK.

- Πηγαίνοντας με τα πόδια στο σχολείο (για παιδιά 5-16 ετών)
- Οικολογικό αποτύπωμα (για παιδιά 8-13 ετών)
- Οράματα για το μέλλον (για παιδιά 8-13 ετών)
- Η ιστορία ενός t-shirt (για παιδιά 8-13 ετών)
- Ποιος αποφασίζει για σένα (για παιδιά 8-13 ετών)
- Πάρε θέση (για παιδιά 8-13 ετών)
- Κλιματική αλλαγή: προβλήματα & λύσεις (για παιδιά 7-9 ετών)
- Κλιματική αλλαγή: προβλήματα & λύσεις (για παιδιά 9-16 ετών)
- Κλιματική αλλαγή: χάρτης ιδεών (για παιδιά 7-16 ετών)
- Κλιματική αλλαγή: φώτα, κάμερα, πάμε! (για παιδιά 7-11 ετών)
- Κλιματική αλλαγή: φώτα, κάμερα, πάμε! (για παιδιά 12-16 ετών)
- Παγκόσμια διάσταση (για παιδιά 7-14 ετών)
- Προστατεύοντας το περιβάλλον (για παιδιά 11-14 ετών)
- Τοπική ευημερία (για παιδιά 7-14 ετών)

6

### ΤΟ ΚΛΙΜΑ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΣΤΟ ΧΕΡΙ ΣΟΥ

## Σχολεία για το κλίμα

Κάρτα ιδεών για λύσεις στο πρόβλημα «Σκουπίδια»

Ερευνήστε και προτείνετε ιδέες! Μπορείτε να σκεφτείτε:

- Μέτρα για την αλλαγή καθημερινών συνηθειών που συμβάλουν στη μείωση της  
παραγωγής σκουπιδιών, όπως την επιλογή προϊόντων με λιγότερη συσκευασία,  
και γενικά τον περιορισμό της αλόγιστης κατανάλωσης προϊόντων.
- Οργάνωση παιχνιδιών και άλλων τρόπων επικοινωνίας για να σκεφτούν οι  
συμμαθητές σας τι δεν τους χρειάζεται πραγματικά από όλα αυτά που αγοράζουν  
και καταναλώνουν.
- Τις δυνατότητες της ανακύκλωσης στο σχολείο σας, σε συνεργασία με τον  
Δήμο/Κοινότητα.
- Τη δυνατότητα να κάνετε κομπόστ.

7

WWF  
ΤΟ ΚΛΙΜΑ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΣΤΟ ΧΕΡΙ ΣΟΥ

**ΚΛΙΜΑΤΙΚΟ  
ΧΑΟΣ**  
σημαντικό υλικό για εκπαιδευτικούς

Μαθαίνοντας  
για την ΑΕΙΦΟΡΙΑ

8



## Existing tools in Italy

3. *Same World Edukit*
4. *Il progetto R.A.C.E.S.*
5. *La Scuola per il Clima*
6. *After Ice*
7. *Ambiente Piemonte*
8. *RETE CLIMA: Area download e materiali didattici*
9. *IMPARIAMO LE ENERGIE*
10. *CLIMALTERANTI*
11. *INQUIRE BOTANY*
12. *MY TEST*



## Same World Edukit

Link (URL)

<http://www.sameworld.eu/en/>

<http://edu-kit.sameworld.eu/>

Pedagogical objective

A Digital educational kit for teachers and educators with teaching units and class activities to raise students awareness on Climate change, Environmental Justice and Environmental Migration

Per saperne di più sulla!

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon :  
Environmental justice  
Environmental migration  
Climate change
- Causes: Human behaviour
- Impacts: Climate modification and new migrations
- Measures / Solutions
  - Mitigation  
Defense of human and environmental rights  
Choices in everyday life  
Promoting sustainability
  - Adaptation  
Migration  
New economic models

Short presentation

Interactive website and e-learning platform co-funded by the EU. It includes:

- edu kit in three different fields
- a introduction tutorial
- online lessons



- theater play

Some numbers:

12 units

60 text sections of interdisciplinary content, with images, videos, text 35 experts who elaborated the material from 10 Countries

40 class activities to carry out

12 main key topics to examine

12 questions to think about

Complementary elements provided by the online tool

- online game
- school workshop
- best practices area
- youth observatory

Language(s) available: 12 languages (CA, DE, ET, EN, ES, IT, HU, PT, SK, SL, EL, BG)

Responsible organisation/Producer

CIES - Centro Di Informazione E Educazione Allo Sviluppo (IT), Coordinator

Contact

Phone/email: Tel 0039 0677264611 - Mail: [cies@cies.it](mailto:cies@cies.it)

Strengths of this tool:

- interactive
- several languages
- free



<http://video.unimarconi.it/dsms/istitutional/9/sameworld.mp4>

**same world** SUSTAINABILITY AWARENESS MIGRATION ENVIRONMENT  
It's the Global Education for the Eyd 2015

WHO WE ARE DISCOVER THE PROJECT OBSERVATORY GALLERY NEWS CONTACTS

Our **ONLINE GAME** rich in suspense and surprise, making you travel through time and space. Try to change this imperfect future!

CLICK HERE TO GO ON

**(Im)perfect future**

We can go back to the time when something could still be done.

...so that you can change the future, our future.

Very well. Player, you will travel back in time, but your body will not follow you into the past.

Player, it's in your hands, go and show to people in the past the mistakes they are making without realizing it, and save us all!

This website uses cookies to improve your experience. We'll assume you're ok with this, but you can opt-out if you wish. Read more

Close More

**same world**

**SAMEWORLD EDUCATIONAL PLATFORM**  
Contents, class activities and online resources for educators

English (en)

Learn more about environmental justice and migration and promote global citizenship!

Edu-Kit Tutorial Online Lessons



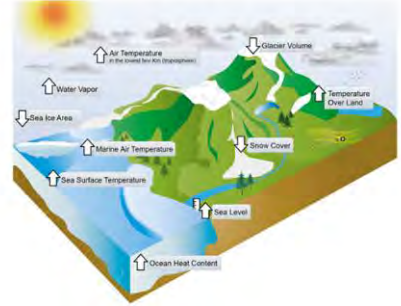


- ▼ **UNIT 5. EARTH AND ITS FUNCTION**
  - 5.1 What is climate?
  - 5.2 What regulates CO<sub>2</sub> in the atmosphere?
  - 5.3 The historical human ability to adapt to climate change
  - 5.4 Can nature have rights?
  - 5.5 What are the differences between climate and weather and what is an extreme climate event?
- ▼ **UNIT 6. SOMETHING IS NOT WORKING**
  - 6.1 Signs of climate change
  - 6.2 The increase in CO<sub>2</sub> concentration
  - 6.3 Different causes of climate change
  - 6.4 Are we equally responsible for the increase of CO<sub>2</sub>?
  - 6.5 The carbon footprint of my jeans - what is it?
- ▼ **UNIT 7. LIMITS OF THE PLANET: CLIMATE CHANGE EFFECTS**
  - 7.1 Short, medium and long term effects of CC
  - 7.2 Effects of climate change on water
  - 7.3 Impact of climate change on...



## 6.1 Signs of climate change

The average temperature on Earth is rising but this is not the only indicator of climate change. According to the IPCC - Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, the average global temperature and sea level have risen, oceans have become warmer and the rate of melting of snow and ice has accelerated. Scientists look at many factors for clues about climate change. For example, they examine historical records, collect measurements and observe trends in temperature, weather patterns, changes to sea level and other environmental features. An illustration of climate change indicators can be seen in Figure 6.1.1.



Class Activities Menu

- ▼ **Writing**
  - The cement industry pollutes! 14+
  - Climate Bingo 9+
  - Interview - Let's talk greeny! 14+
- ▼ **Mathematics**
  - Opinion barometer: Reasons of climate change 14+
  - Different emissions, different responsibilities 14+
  - How to construct a climate graph 14+
  - Winners or losers? 11
- ▼ **Science**
  - Searching in the mind 11+
  - Trees in the city 9+
  - Measuring the Weather 11+
- ▼ **Creativity**
  - Make a poster on climate change 14+
- ▼ **Workshop**
  - Change begins with you! 9+
  - Climate/breakfast 14+



## Il progetto R.A.C.E.S.

Link (URL): <http://www.liferaces.eu/>

### Pedagogical objective

The project deals with the local impact of the climate change.

R.A.C.E.S aims at:

- informing all the people of the cities involved about the local impact of the climate change
- raising awareness on the climate change within specific target groups: teachers, families and stakeholders

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: Climate change
- Causes: Human behaviour
- Impacts: To make citizens and especially families more aware of environment-friendly lifestyles
- Measures / Solutions
  - Adaptation: Adapting human lifestyle to the needs of the environment

### Short presentation

The project is cofinanced by the European Commission, under the LIFE+ Programme. **It's a website that includes:**

- school kit on climate change
- surveys
- download material

Complementary elements provided by the online tool

Language(s) available: 2 languages, English Italian

Responsible organisation/Producer

The Florence City Council, together with other Italian cities - Trento, Modena, Potenza and Bari



## Contact

Telephone: +39 055 2616792 / Fax: +39 055 2616906

email: staff@liferaces.eu

## Strengths of this tool:

- school kit free

## Weaknesses of this tool

- not interactive

### » A scuola

#### » Seminari

#### » **Kit didattico**

##### » Per conoscere

##### » Per esercitarsi

##### » Per partecipare

##### » Osservazioni

##### » Per approfondire

##### » L'esperto risponde

##### » Downloads

### » In città

#### » La città e il clima

#### » La Ricerca in città

#### » Eventi

#### » Le Best Practices del LIFE

#### » Prodotti comunicazione

### » A casa

#### » Calcola le tue emissioni

#### » Le persone del progetto

#### » Calendario del Carbon Budget

#### » Quanto abbiamo risparmiato

### » Contattaci

### » Downloads

## Kit didattico

In questa sezione sono distribuiti i materiali che compongono il **KIT didattico** di RACES.

Lo scopo del KIT è aiutare gli insegnanti a sensibilizzare i ragazzi al problema dei cambiamenti climatici stimolandoli ad adottare comportamenti e stili di vita più sostenibili e che producono meno emissioni di gas ad effetto serra. Per farlo RACES fornisce materiali informativi ma soprattutto propone spunti di attività e partecipazione al progetto, per rendere i **RAGAZZI PRODUTTORI di INFORMAZIONE**. In fondo a questa pagina una scheda di presentazione (Presentazione del Kit) spiega gli obiettivi didattici che hanno ispirato questo lavoro.

Le pagine web del Kit didattico sono strutturate in:

- » **Per conoscere:** le dispense informative sui cambiamenti climatici. I materiali sono organizzati in un percorso di 4 moduli (Segnali-Impatti-Cause-Soluzioni) da usarsi in sequenza o singolarmente.
- » **Per esercitarsi:** esercizi, esperimenti e spunti interdisciplinari da realizzare in classe;
- » **Per approfondire:** video; presentazioni; pubblicazioni da scaricare e tanti link utili per saperne di più.
- » **Le osservazioni:** contribuisci ad aggiornare la climatologia con le osservazioni della tua città!
- » **Per partecipare:** le opportunità offerte alle classi per collaborare attivamente al progetto
- » **L'esperto risponde:** una domanda fatta dagli studenti e la risposta dell'esperto.



I materiali elaborati dalle classi che partecipano a RACES nel corso dell'anno scolastico 2009-2010 verranno pubblicati sul sito e sulla community.

#### Files:

- » La presentazione del Kit didattico di RACES
- » Realizzare le esercitazioni in classe



- » Per partecipare
- » Osservazioni
- » Per approfondire
- » L'esperto risponde
- » Downloads
- » In città
- » La città e il clima
- » La Ricerca in città
- » Eventi
- » Le Best Practices del LIFE
- » Prodotti comunicazione
- » A casa
- » Calcola le tue emissioni
- » Le persone del progetto
- » Calendario del Carbon Budget
- » Quanto abbiamo risparmiato
- » Contattaci
- » Downloads



## Modulo 1 I segnali

1. **ANALISI DELLE TEMPERATURE** Utilizza il file delle serie storiche di temperature per lavorarci con gli studenti per fare qualche analisi o grafico. Procurati i dati locali della tua città, fai qualche analisi comparativa e pubblica i dati elaborati sul sito RACES nella sezione Le Osservazioni.
2. **CLIMA e STORIA** Guarda la carta dell'evoluzione del clima nella storia e fai una riflessione con gli studenti su come le variazioni del clima hanno influenzato le vicende storiche e le evoluzioni della nostra civiltà. Scarica il file. Leggi l'articolo su "Clima e storia" su meteogiornale <http://www.meteogiornale.it/news/read.php?id=9312>
3. **MAPPE MENTALI: La mappa del cambiamento del clima.** Scrivi al centro della lavagna la parola "Cambiamento climatico" e riporta cose viene in mente ai ragazzi. Poi si dividono i ragazzi in gruppi e si riflette cercando di rispondere alla domanda "Sono convinto che il cambiamento del clima sia in atto? Su cosa si fonda la mia convinzione (esperienza diretta, materiali scientifici, influenza dei media) e si riporta a tutta la classe. Ti consigliamo di fare questo esercizio prima di affrontare la tematica in classe per far emergere le opinioni degli studenti.
4. **ESPERIMENTO:** Fai un esperimento sull'effetto serra con gli studenti: Guarda il video sul sito del progetto [Meteoschool](http://www.meteoschool.it)
5. **Il Cambiamento Climatico ti riguarda?** Proposta di discussione in classe (1 ora) e interviste ai cittadini: si suddividono i ragazzi in due gruppi chiedendo loro di rispondere alla domanda: "il Cambiamento Climatico ti riguarda?". Negli ultimi 25 minuti disponibili si condividono i risultati emersi. Eventualmente si può incaricare uno dei due gruppi di analizzare le motivazioni di un disinteresse rispetto al fenomeno e creare poi una sorta di contraddittorio tra i due gruppi.
6. **Play Decide!** Il gioco di ruolo proposto dall'Unione Europea con le carte delle storie, le carte dei fatti, le carte dei problemi e con la possibilità di inserire le proprie posizioni sul sito e confrontarle con le soluzioni degli altri Paesi! L'attività, molto coinvolgente e significativa, richiede 3 ore di tempo. Scaricabile alla pagina [http://www.playdecide.org/download/climate/DECIDE\\_Italian.pdf](http://www.playdecide.org/download/climate/DECIDE_Italian.pdf)
7. **Esperimento di estrazione della clorofilla.** Adatto per scuola secondaria di primo e secondo grado <http://madsclentist.altervista.org/biologia/estrdloro/clorofilla.htm>
8. **Pianeta Terra QUIZ!100** Domande sul pianeta Terra. Gli argomenti: il pianeta Terra, l'atmosfera terrestre, dentro la Terra, la superficie del pianeta, misurare la Terra. Disponendo di più PC si potrà creare una sorta di piccola competizione <http://www.linguaggioglobale.com/terra/btq/default.htm>
9. **Quiz Climate Change!** (inglese) Questo quiz vi permette di testare le vostre conoscenze sul cambiamento climatico. Fa parte di una serie di 4 quiz associati agli argomenti sviluppati in Class Zero Emission (cambiamenti climatici, Regioni Polari, scienze

# La Scuola per il Clima

Link (URL) <http://www.scuolaperilclima.it/web/guest>

## Pedagogical objective

- informing all the people of the cities involved about the local impact of the climate change
- raising awareness on the climate change within specific target groups: families and students

## Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: Climate change
- Causes: Human behaviour
- Impacts: To make citizens and especially families more aware of environment-friendly lifestyles
- Measures / Solutions
  - Adaptation: Adapting human lifestyle to the needs of the environment

## Short presentation

### **It's a website that includes:**

- A test about common families behaviour
- Material/didactic pdf

## Complementary elements provided by the online tool

- "Il Bosco per il clima", a project for planting new trees
- "Carbon footprint", calculating CO2 emissions

Language(s) available: Italian

Responsible organisation/Producer  
Municipality of Folgaria

## Contact

Tel. 0464 729333

E-mail: [info@comune.folgaria.tn.it](mailto:info@comune.folgaria.tn.it)

Strengths of this tool:



- easily adaptable to other languages

## Weaknesses of this tool

- very local
- only 1 language available

il progetto | contatti | link | Area insegnanti

**LA SCUOLA PER IL CLIMA**

**METTITI ALLA PROVA** | **VUOI SAPERNE DI PIÙ?** | **IL BOSCO PER IL CLIMA** | **QUANTA CO2 PRODUCI?**

**BENVENUTI IN LA SCUOLA PER IL CLIMA!**

SCHEDE DI APPROFONDIMENTO

- La differenza tra clima e tempo
- Il clima e l'effetto serra
- Cosa sono i gas serra

CONSULTA TUTTE LE SCHEDE

Un viaggio per ragazzi e famiglie alla scoperta dell'importanza delle buone pratiche a favore della sostenibilità ambientale per contribuire a stimolare cambiamenti "eco-sostenibili" nei comportamenti sia individuali che collettivi. Il percorso didattico "La scuola per il clima" permette di approfondire aspetti di vita quotidiana legati al tema risparmio energetico, dei consumi, delle emissioni di CO<sub>2</sub>, dei cambiamenti climatici.

**METTITI ALLA PROVA!**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

**COME È RISCALDATA L'ABITAZIONE IN INVERNO?**

- Posso stare in casa con la maglietta e a piedi scalzi (oltre 23°C)
- Devo indossare un maglione e i calzini (da 18 a 20°C)
- La temperatura è compresa tra da 20 e 23°C

SCHEDE DI APPROFONDIMENTO

Dizionario italiano-francese - WordReference.com  
www.wordreference.com/itfr/

- La differenza tra clima e tempo
- Il clima e l'effetto serra
- Cosa sono i gas serra

CONSULTA TUTTE LE SCHEDE

**LINK UTILI**

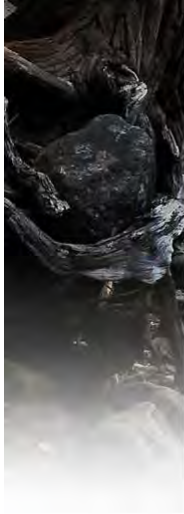
- www.improntawwf.it
- www.piedibus.it
- www.comune.folgaria.tn.it

CONSULTA TUTTI I LINK

**COMPENSAZIONE DELLA CO<sub>2</sub>**

Cosa vuol dire compensazione della





## VUOI SAPERNE DI PIÙ?

- Il problema: perché si parla tanto di CO<sub>2</sub>?
- Come si misura la temperatura al pianeta?
- Cos'è la zona climatica?
- Cosa sono i "Gradi Giorno"?
- La differenza tra clima e tempo
- Il clima e l'effetto serra
- Cosa sono i gas serra
- Gli elementi del clima
- I fattori del clima
- Il protocollo di Kyoto: cos'è?
- Cosa posso fare io: il futuro lo decidiamo noi
- Qualche consiglio in più ...
- A casa.. per mamma e papà

### IL PROBLEMA: PERCHÉ SI PARLA TANTO DI CO<sub>2</sub>?

Si parla tanto di CO<sub>2</sub> risparmiata da fonti rinnovabili, ma che cosa è la CO<sub>2</sub> e perché si parla di risparmio. La CO<sub>2</sub> (o Anidride Carbonica) è un gas incolore e inodore formato da un atomo di carbonio e 2 di ossigeno, esso è presente naturalmente nell'atmosfera ma il suo eccesso contribuisce, insieme ad altri gas, all'effetto serra del pianeta.

L'innaturale produzione di CO<sub>2</sub> data dall'uso dei combustibili fossili (petrolio, carbone, gas) aumenta a dismisura questo grave problema.

Utilizzare fonti rinnovabili pulite vuol dire produrre energia utile all'uomo senza emissioni nell'atmosfera di CO<sub>2</sub>, ed è per questo che si parla di CO<sub>2</sub> risparmiata.

 Scarica la scheda in formato pdf

## SCHEDE DI APPROFONDIMENTO

- La differenza tra clima e tempo
- Il clima e l'effetto serra
- Cosa sono i gas serra

CONSULTA TUTTE LE SCHEDE



### LINK UTILI

- [www.improntavivi.it](http://www.improntavivi.it)
- [www.piedibus.it](http://www.piedibus.it)
- [www.comune.folgarla.tn.it](http://www.comune.folgarla.tn.it)

CONSULTA TUTTI I LINK

### COMPENSAZIONE DELLA CO<sub>2</sub>

Cosa vuol dire compensazione della

## After Ice

Link (URL): <https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/after-ice/id1222419939?mt=8>

### Pedagogical objective

Deepening awareness of climate change

Making people aware of climate change while having fun

### Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon  
Climate change  
Visualize sea level rise where ever you are standing  
experience future scenarios of climate change
- Impacts: To make citizens aware of climate change phenomenon

### Short presentation

**It's a** application for smartphones which allows to experience climate change and the effects of global warming through augmented reality.

After Ice simulates your location in various data-backed future scenarios of global ice melt and sea level rise.

Additionally, it lets you see the effect of sea level rise accurately within a 100 miles radius of New York City in the 2080s — within the lifetime of children alive today.

Language(s) available: English

### Responsible organisation/Producer

After Ice is an artist intervention via mobile app, a collaboration between visual artist Justin Brice Guariglia and award-winning app development studios Strange Flavour and secondverse.

### Contact

[www.afterice.org](http://www.afterice.org)

### Strengths of this tool:

- free download
- adaptable to other languages
- it works all over the world with NASA data





Weaknesses of this tool

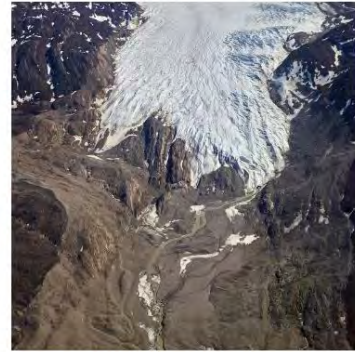
- Only for IOs



ABOUT AFTER ICE



TAG SEA LEVEL WHERE YOU LIVE!



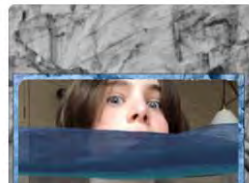
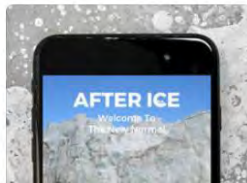
LEARN THE FACTS

App Store Preview



**After Ice** 4+  
secondverse  
★★★★☆ 5 Ratings  
Free

iPhone Screenshots



# Ambiente Piemonte

Link (URL):

<http://relazione.ambiente.piemonte.gov.it/2016/it/territorio/risposte/educazione-ambientale>

Pedagogical objective

- Information about rules and regulations connected to four major themes: air, water, climate and land
- Deepening awareness of environment aspects in the Piedmont Region
- Making people aware of climate change

Main topic(s)

- Mechanism/Phenomenon: Climate change, quality of land, water and air
- Causes: human behavior and economics
- Impacts: To make citizens aware of environmental phenomena

Short presentation

**It's a website coordinated and managed by the Regional Association for Environment in Piedmont, northern Italy (where Apro and ERICA are located).**

The climate is added to the three major themes of air, water and land this year to describe the environment in Piedmont.

A path through the state, the factors that influence the resource, the consequent impacts on the environment and on people's health and finally the answers that the institutions propose.

Graphic representations offer an overview. By browsing the various levels, information is more and more punctual, with updated data.

Every section is articulated as follows:

- Intro
- Actual status
- Factors/causes
- Impacts
- Solutions

Over 150 indicators represent in a synthetic and effective form the environmental situation by interpreting and spreading a large amount of data related to each other.

Language(s) available: Italian



Responsible organisation/Producer  
ARPA Piemonte, Turin

Contact  
<http://www.arpa.piemonte.it/>

Strengths of this tool:

- images and a big amount of data
- adaptable to other languages

Weaknesses of this tool

- only in Italian
- local





**CLIMA** | ARIA | ACQUA | TERRITORIO

**RISPOSTE**

**STRATEGIA DI ADATTAMENTO**

In tema di Adattamento l'azione della Regione si inserisce nella cornice di indirizzi europei e nazionali delineati rispettivamente dalla Strategia Europea di Adattamento ai Cambiamenti Climatici - EAS e dalla correlata Strategia nazionale di adattamento.

- LA STRATEGIA EUROPEA DI ADATTAMENTO AI CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI - EAS
- LA STRATEGIA NAZIONALE DI ADATTAMENTO AI CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI - SNACC
- LA STRATEGIA REGIONALE DI ADATTAMENTO AI CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI - SRACC

**LA STRATEGIA EUROPEA DI ADATTAMENTO AI CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI - EAS**

TORNA SU ↶



## RETE CLIMA: Area download e materiali didattici

Link (URL): <https://www.reteclima.it/download-materiali-didattici/>

### Pedagogical objective

It provides tools, data to develop knowledge and awareness of climate change through the use of best daily practices.

### Main topic(s)

- Climate changes
- Greenhouse Effect
- Carbon production
- Life cycling of the objects and services
- Climate data
- Ecological footprint
- Climate footprint
- Human behavior about global warming.

### Short presentation

Web site that links the main international sites that deal with climate change, subdividing them by type and category. It provides data, video, audio, games, quiz experiments and tests, animations.

Language(s) available: Italian, English, French

### Responsible

Rete Clima

### Contact:

tel: +39 031 5476951

email: [info@reteclima.it](mailto:info@reteclima.it)

skype: reteclima

### Strengths of this tool

- Many different links to many different tools
- Many different target

### Weaknesses of this tool

- Tools too much different
- Not always three languages available





Per ogni link viene specificato il tipo di supporto (video, testo, presentazione, immagine o pagina web di approfondimento), ed il target verso cui tale strumento è utilizzabile (bambini, ragazzi o adulti) insieme una breve descrizione dei contenuti e a qualche suggerimento "pratico" già sperimentato con successo durante la nostra attività educativa.

**Buon lavoro!**

---

**Elenco dei materiali utilizzabili:**

1. **LA SCELTA GIUSTA: IL CICLO DI VITA DEGLI OGGETTI, LA LORO CARBON FOOTPRINT, IL VALORE DEL RIUSO**  
 DESTINATARI: SCUOLE PRIMARIE E SECONDARIE.  
 Questo sito contiene un tool per poter navigare dentro il ciclo di vita degli oggetti, consultando ogni fase delle vite delle cose e comprendendo le emissioni di CO<sub>2</sub> collegate alle fasi produttive. Realizzato da Rete Clima® per Subito.it, con questo strumento web interattivo è possibile comprendere la quantità di CO<sub>2</sub> risparmiata in relazione alla scelta del riuso, che permette di dare una seconda vita alle cose evitando che ne siano prodotte di nuove (e quindi evitando gli impatti ambientali collegati alla loro produzione).

La scelta giusta è evitare del tutto il riuso e l'impronta di carbonio degli oggetti.  
©2012 Rete Clima - Commissione Europea - Il Carbon Footprint degli oggetti è un marchio di Rete Clima® e Rete Clima®.

la tua email

**iscriviti**

**risorse**

Archivio News   
 Siti web interessanti   
 Download e Materiali Didattici  
 Sitemap






## 2. SITO WEB PER SPUNTI E IDEE PER L'EDUCAZIONE AMBIENTALE

DESTINATARI: SCUOLE PRIMARIE.

Questo è il sito che prendiamo a riferimento per il "come fare" educazione in ambito scolastico. Si tratta di un ottimo progetto a cui abbiamo partecipato insieme ad AISA (Associazione Italiana Scienze Ambientali) al WWT ed al Politecnico di Milano dentro alcune scuole primarie dell'area milanese: interessante leggere lo spirito che sorregge questo progetto, i suoi obiettivi, le fasi di lavoro ed i materiali scaricabili. Interessante l'osservatorio sull'educazione energetica. Utile farci un girotto. In lingua italiana.

## 3. SITO WEB CON GIOCHI, VIDEO E ANIMAZIONI CLIMATICHE – NASA

DESTINATARI: SCUOLE PRIMARIE E SECONDARIE. [SITO WEB CON GIOCHI, VIDEO E ANIMAZIONI CLIMATICHE – NASA](#)

Sito molto interessante, realizzato dalla NASA nell'ambito delle sue attività educative. C'è presente una grande abbondanza di dati, materiali e vari strumenti ambientali che permettono una chiara e semplice illustrazione dell'effetto serra, dei cambiamenti climatici e delle loro conseguenze sui vari comparti ambientali. Interessante anche la "Climate Time Machine", che permette di vedere gli effetti nel tempo dei cambiamenti climatici sul livello dei ghiacci, del mare, dei contributi emissivi nazionali, della temperatura media terrestre registrata. Utilizzabile in aula a supporto delle attività ambientali o quale modalità di insegnamento alternativo della lingua inglese. Assolutamente da visitare. In lingua inglese.

## 4. SITO WEB CON DATI SU CLIMA E CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI – US-EPA

DESTINATARI: SCUOLE SUPERIORI, GIOVANI E ADULTI.

Sito realizzato dall'US-EPA (Agenzia di protezione dell'ambiente Statunitense), dove è possibile recuperare dati, elaborazioni grafiche, trend storici su clima, gas serra e cambiamenti climatici. E' un sito di approfondimento, per chi desidera fruire di dati storici e di lungo periodo: utile da consigliare per lavori di ricerche scolastiche o/o di approfondimento. In lingua inglese.

## 5. SITO WEB CON GIOCHI, VIDEO E ANIMAZIONI CLIMATICHE – SOLAR CENTER

DESTINATARI: SCUOLE PRIMARIE E SECONDARIE.

Sito curato dallo Stanford SOLAR Center: offre vari strumenti per conoscere il sole ed i suoi benefici effetti verso il Pianeta Terra.



# Impariamo le Energie

Link (URL) <http://www.impariamolenergia.it/>

## Pedagogical objective

Educational website with all material realized for school, lesson, to develop knowledge and awareness of energy policies.

## Main topic(s)

- Climate changes
- Natural resources.
- Carbon production
- Ecological footprint
- Different types of energy
- Environmental impact of a different types of energy

## Short presentation

Several support materials researched by subject and by school level with main topic "energy":

- Educational information for class lesson
- Many support materials to deepen the knowledge
- Exercises

Language(s) available: Italian

## Responsible

ENGIE Italia - <https://www.engie.it>

## Strengths of this tool

- Many different tools
- Well-defined target

## Weaknesses of this tool

- Too specific about energy policies
- Only Italian languages available







## Benvenuti nell'area risorse didattiche

PRIMARIE

SECONDARIE DI 1°GRADO

SECONDARIE DI 2° GRADO

Ricercate per **tema** e per **livello scolastico** i diversi materiali di supporto per affrontare in classe l'argomento "energia".

- Informazioni precise e didattiche per lo svolgimento del corso.
- Abbondante materiale di supporto per approfondire le conoscenze.
- Esercizi.

Le risorse contenute in questo strumento didattico sono state ideate in collaborazione con consulenti pedagogici ed esperti di diverse discipline scientifiche.



### LIVELLO

#### Primaria

Secondaria di 1° grado  
Secondaria di 2° grado

### TEMA

Efficienza energetica  
Energia geotermica  
Energia nucleare  
Energie fossili  
Energie marine  
Energie non rinnovabili  
Energie rinnovabili  
L'energia da biomassa  
L'energia eolica  
L'energia idroelettrica  
L'energia solare  
Orientamento  
Trasporto Distribuzione

### TIPO

Fotografie  
Poster  
Scheda attività  
Schema  
Serious game  
Video

## L'energia nucleare

Livello : Primaria

Un esempio di fonte energetica utilizzabile: l'energia nucleare

Accedi a questa risorsa



## I combustibili fossili

Livello : Primaria

Un esempio di fonte energetica utilizzabile: i combustibili fossili

Accedi a questa risorsa



## La centrale nucleare - Esercizio

Livello : Primaria

Uno schema da mostrare agli studenti, cliccando e trascinando, per memorizzare gli elementi principali della centrale.

Accedi a questa risorsa



## La centrale termoelettrica - Esercizio





# LE SFIDE BETA DELL'ENERGIA

NUOVA VERSIONE 3.0



Un Serious Game per gli studenti delle scuole secondarie di primo e secondo grado.

Ottimizzate il mix energetico del vostro territorio, tenendo conto della domanda, dei costi e dell'ambiente.

**SCOPRIRE LE SFIDE DELL'ENERGIA**

• Produzione • Distribuzione • Consumo • Ambiente •



# CLIMALTERANTI

Link (URL): <http://www.climalteranti.it/2011/05/17/didattica-sul-clima-una-miniera-sul-web/>

## Pedagogical objective

It provides tools, data to develop knowledge and awareness of climate change in classroom lesson.

## Main topic(s)

- Climate changes
- Fossil energies
- Greenhouse Effect
- Carbon production
- Climate data
- Human behavior about global warming.

## Short presentation

Web site that links the main international sites that deal with climate change, subdividing them by type and category. It provides:

- Experiments in the laboratory
- Exercises, lessons, games
- Handouts
- Projects
- Videos and animations
- Books (educational cut, others are here)
- Slides
- Post from Climalteranti

Language(s) available: Italian, English

## Responsible

Scientific Committee: <http://www.climalteranti.it/info/>

## Strengths of this tool

- Many different links to many different tools
- Many different target

## Weaknesses of this tool

- Tools too much different
- Not always English languages available



Notizie e approfondimenti sul clima che cambia

Posts RSS Comments RSS

## Didattica sul clima, una miniera sul web

*Sul web è disponibile molto materiale per parlare di cambiamenti climatici nelle scuole.*

*In questo post viene presentato un primo elenco, senza alcuna pretesa di esaustività, invitando studenti e insegnanti a segnalare nei commenti altro materiale utile.*

### MATERIALE DIDATTICO



#### Progetto "Consumi amici del clima"

Un progetto congiunto WWF - Politecnico di Milano con il contributo della Fondazione Cariplo, per sensibilizzare i ragazzi al problema dei cambiamenti climatici, stimolandoli ad adottare comportamenti e stili di vita "amici del clima", ovvero che producono meno emissioni di gas serra in atmosfera.

Il progetto ha reso disponibile sul web materiale didattico molto interessante, a partire dalla presentazione in powerpoint introduttiva, gli esercizi per i 6 moduli o il glossario. Una descrizione sintetica delle attività e dei risultati è disponibile in questo articolo.



Ricerca per:

Cerca

### COMMENTI RECENTI

alsarago58 su [Arriverà del freddo \(d'inverno succede\), mentre il riscaldamento globale continua](#)

macio su [Arriverà del freddo \(d'inverno succede\), mentre il riscaldamento globale continua](#)

homoereticus su [Arriverà del freddo \(d'inverno succede\), mentre il riscaldamento globale continua](#)

TWITTER @CLIMALTERANTI

### VIDEO e ANIMAZIONI

#### Quattro passi nel clima

4 videoclip di circa 5 minuti l'uno, curati da [Luca Lombroso](#).

#### Progetto Andriil-Flexhibit

Due animazioni didattiche interattive sull'Antartide, complete di test online. Una è realizzata su dati scientifici e permette di simulare i movimenti della piattaforma di ghiaccio al cambiare delle temperatura del mare circostante mentre una è sulla geografia dell'Antartide.

15 video molto belli, sulla scienza del clima dell'Antartide, sottotitolati in italiano da Matteo Cattadori.

#### Animals save the planets

6 clip da 30 secondi molto efficaci e di grande successo, su alcune piccole buone pratiche per risparmiare energia, rifiuti, acqua, sacchetti di plastica, sull'efficienza energetica e le emissioni di metano. Sono in inglese, anche se il senso si capisce.

#### Ciclo del carbonio

Molti videoclip scientifici sono disponibili su youtube, a partire da [questo video sul Ciclo del Carbonio](#), molto chiaro pur se senza commento.

Sullo stesso tema, [un video didattico molto bello con Ben Santer](#), purtroppo solo in inglese.



Effetto serra - Animazione interattiva molto bella ed esplicativa, anche in Italiano, realizzata dal progetto PhET dell'Università del Colorado

caratteristiche...

[fb.me/1UOqYgp5j](https://fb.me/1UOqYgp5j)

15 febbraio 2018 19:31

### CATEGORIE

20-20-20 (7)  
 Abbagli (16)  
 Accordo (3)  
 Accordo di Parigi (2)  
 Acidificazione (2)  
 Acqua (5)  
 Adattamento (12)  
 Agricoltura (7)  
 Analisi della decomposizione (1)  
 Animazioni (1)  
 Annozero (1)  
 Anomalie (4)  
 Antartide (1)  
 Aria (1)  
 Artico (3)  
 Artico e Antartico (13)  
 Attivismo (3)  
 Attribuzione (2)  
 Bilancio radiativo (1)  
 Black Carbon (3)  
 Blog (6)  
 Bufale (33)  
 Buone pratiche (2)  
 Catastrofismo (12)  
 Censura (1)  
 Chimica (1)

## LIBRI PER RAGAZZI



*Il Clima che cambia* di Roberto Luciani

Un libro per i più piccoli, con tante immagini e spiegazioni, realizzato nell'ambito del progetto EDURISK ed edito da Giunti Progetti Educativi con CMCC e INGV. Sul sito web di Edurisk e' possibile scaricare [l'intero pdf del libro](#).



*Il Clima*, di Daniele Pernigotti

Un libro semplice, con simpatiche illustrazioni, spunti per attività didattiche, giochi, steacker adesivi, adatto ai ragazzi ma anche ricco di spunti e approfondimenti che non guastano pure agli adulti. Edito da [Giunti Junior, 2011](#)

### *L'Antartide e i segreti del clima*

Di LuAnn Dahlman. Libro molto bello con molti esercizi pratici da fare con studenti

**Il libro è disponibile gratuitamente in forma digitale.**

"Antartide e i segreti del clima" è anche il titolo di una [mostra itinerante realizzata dal Museo Nazionale dell'Antartide](#).

*Altri libri da segnalare:* [Il clima a piccoli passi](#), di George Faterman (Motta Junior, 2006) e [Il clima ed i suoi cambiamenti](#), di Pascal Desjours (Editoriale Scienza, 2003), [L'atmosfera e l'effetto serra](#) di Valerie Masson-Delmotte e Marc Delmotte.

[Cinema](#) (1)  
[Climategate](#) (4)  
[CO2](#) (22)  
[Combustibili fossili](#) (4)  
[Complotti](#) (1)  
[Comunicazione](#) (34)  
[Conferenze](#) (2)  
[Conflitti](#) (3)  
[Consenso](#) (2)  
[Convegni](#) (8)  
[cooperazione](#) (1)  
[COP](#) (23)  
[COP21](#) (2)  
[Copenhagen](#) (3)  
[Correlazioni](#) (1)  
[Corsi](#) (1)  
[Costi](#) (7)  
[Crisi economica](#) (2)  
[Datj](#) (11)  
[Definizioni](#) (3)  
[Dibattito](#) (39)  
[Didattica](#) (7)  
[Disinformazione](#) (34)  
[Economia](#) (2)  
[Effetto Serra](#) (3)  
[El Nino](#) (3)  
[Emission trading](#) (3)  
[Emissioni](#) (28)  
[Energia](#) (7)



# INQUIRE BOTANY

Link (URL): <http://www.inquirebotany.org/it/resources/categories/esempi-attivita-cambiamenti-climatici-1.html>

## Pedagogical objective

It provides teaching material for student of secondary school: tools and data to develop knowledge and awareness of climate change using practical experiments.

## Main topic(s)

- Climate changes
- Rising seas
- Greenhouse Effect
- Carbon production
- Climate data

## Short presentation

Web site that links the main international sites that deal with climate change, subdividing them by type and category. It provides:

- Experiments in the laboratory
- Exercises, lessons
- Projects
- Videos and animations
- Slides

Language(s) available: Italian, English

## Responsible

European project IBSE

## Strengths of this tool

- Very interesting experiments
- Many different target

## Weaknesses of this tool

- Older news
- At the moment, only English version available





## MATERIALI DIDATTICI

In questa sezione trovate una serie di materiali didattici inerenti l'approccio IBSE: dalla teoria IBSE agli esempi sia degli strumenti di valutazione che delle attività educative in chiave IBSE. Abbiamo cercato tra numerosi libri e siti web in modo da recuperare le risorse più rilevanti da utilizzare nelle scuole, nei giardini botanici, nei musei e in altri luoghi di educazione informale. Tutto il materiale è a disposizione di coloro che sono registrati al sito INQUIRE. Per poter ricevere ulteriori informazioni contattateci!



### Cambiamenti climatici in una bottiglia

Attività Inquiry sui cambiamenti climatici. Target: scuola secondaria di primo grado (11-12 anni).

+ Allarga per visualizzare i commenti | 0 commenti

### CATEGORIE

- Esempi attività - Cambiamenti climatici
- Esempi attività - Biodiversità
- Esempi attività - Conservazione
- Esempi attività - Biologia delle piante
- Esempio attività - Alimentazione
- Tecniche IBSE
- Esempi attività - Geologia/Chimica/Fisica
- Strumenti di valutazione in IBSE
- Cos'è l'IBSE
- Pratica riflessiva
- Educazione informale (giardini botanici, musei e parchi naturali)
- Altri progetti europei che parlano di IBSE



Esempi attività - Cambiamenti climatici |

### Miglior quanto vero approccio IBSE c'è in Europa?

Ecco a voi l'elenco aggiornato di tutti i progetti europei che si occupano di Inquiry

00 Commenti



### Relazione tra l'innalzamento del livello del mare e il riscaldamento climatico

I nostri colleghi di Hannover hanno sviluppato un percorso didattico IBSE sul tema dei cambiamenti climatici. Target: scuola secondaria di primo grado (11-14 anni)

[+](#) [Allarga per visualizzare i commenti](#) | [5 commenti](#)



Esempi attività - Cambiamenti climatici |





# My Test

Link (URL): <http://www.museoscienza.org/myTest/>

## Pedagogical objective

This web tool has been created as part of the SETAC project with the prime aim to encourage students to engage in researching, reflecting and communicating science-oriented topics.

## Main topic(s)

- Climate changes
- Rising seas, Greenhouse Effect, Carbon production
- Climate data
- Life cycling of the objects and services
- Ecological footprint
- Climate footprint
- Human behavior about global warming.

## Short presentation

It allows for the construction of tests by groups or individuals who aim to examine a certain topic. It also invites groups or individuals to take a chance in responding questions regarding different topics. More than looking into the scientific value of the questions, for the project what is important is to use this tool as a method for stimulating critical thinking, research of the information that would be necessary to answer a certain question and an inquiry attitude towards science.

Language(s) available: Italian, English

## Responsible

SETAC (Science Education As a Tool for Active Citizenship) is funded by the European Union Lifelong Learning Programme and focuses on science education as among the fundamental tools for developing active citizens in the knowledge society. It is aimed at teachers, students, museum explainers and explores the themes of Health, Energy, Climate Change.

## Strengths of this tool

- Interactive tools
- Many different target
- Many themes to be explored

## Weaknesses of this tool

- No material to read, deepen and learn



# MyTest

Health, Energy, Climate change.  
Are you tested? Can you test?

Salute, energia, cambiamenti climatici.  
Sei testato? Sai testare?

 CLIMATE CHANGE  
 ENERGY  
 HEALTH CLIMATE CHANGE  
 ENERGY  
 HEALTH CLIMATE CHANGE  
 ENERGY  
 HEALTH

[ Create your test ]

[ Answer a test ]

[ Ranking ]

[ Crea il tuo test ]


[ Rispondi ad un test ]

[ Classifica ]

## Create your test

to challenge others or answer to the tests generated by users. Investigate yourself or others on health, energy, climate change or any other scientific topic. Rate tests that you liked most and let the others vote yours.


**Test or you'll be tested!**

start now! 

## Crea il tuo test

per mettere alla prova gli altri o rispondi ai test generati dagli utenti. Indaga te stesso o gli altri sui temi della salute, dell'energia, dei cambiamenti climatici o qualsiasi altro tema scientifico. Dai un voto ai test che maggiormente ti sono piaciuti e rimetti i tuoi test ai giudizi del pubblico.

**Testa o sarai testato!**

inizia subito! 

[ Crea il tuo test ]

[ Rispondi ad un test ]

[ Classifica ]

## Scegli il test

ordina per: data creazione | alfabetico | argomento | lingua

### CLIMATE CHANGE / CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI

#### ENGLISH EVALUATION FOR TEENS

USE THE TENSES AS ITS NEEDED.

lingua: english

Creato da: CARLOS COREAS.



5 risposte

Condividi

#### Ice Age, the period of changes

a test to value your knowledge of climate changes of the Ice Age .

lingua: ungherese

Creato da: Judit Holler



4 risposte

Condividi

### ENERGY / ENERGIA

#### L'elettricità

Rispondi, ma senza fulminarti

[ Crea il tuo test ]

[ Rispondi ad un test ]

[ Classifica ]

## ENGLISH EVALUATION FOR TEENS

USE THE TENSES AS ITS NEEDED.  
Età autore: 30-59anni

### 1. What is a flood?

- It is a large part of wet land.
- It is a large part of land cover by water.
- It is land slices when rain.

### 2. What is a flood?

- It is a large part of land wet
- It is a large part of land cover by water.
- It is land slice when rain.

### 3. What is known as pollution?

- Contamination of land
- Contamination of water
- Contamination of everyparts where life is being.

### 4. What can we do to avoid pollution?

- Drop garbage in a speciple place.
- Be concious in caring our planet and do actions to protect our environment.
- .

### 5. Mention the names of three animals consider in extintion

- dog,cat,snakes.
- hens, rooster, donkey
- lion,tiger,parrot.